Multi-instrument campaigns to observe the off-limb corona

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General remarks about campaigns

- A single instrument/satellite provides only a piece of the puzzle
- Interpretations based on single instruments can turn out to be wrong
- Fundamental for science to combine different datasets
- Have you ever found the dataset which contains all the information you need to solve a problem ? (No)
- Why bother observing the 'same' feature? (the Sun changes and often does not cooperate)
- Why is still so time consuming and complicated to coordinate campaigns?
- A big THANK YOU to all the instrument's teams
 TRACE, Hinode, SOHO/CDS,SUMER, UVCS

2007 May 7-10 Ulysses quadrature HINODE HOP 7

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- In May 2007 Ulysses was in quadrature with SOHO
- Measure T,N, abundances in active regions as function of height from 1 to 1.7 R_o
- Link them with in-situ measurements by Ulysses.

We needed

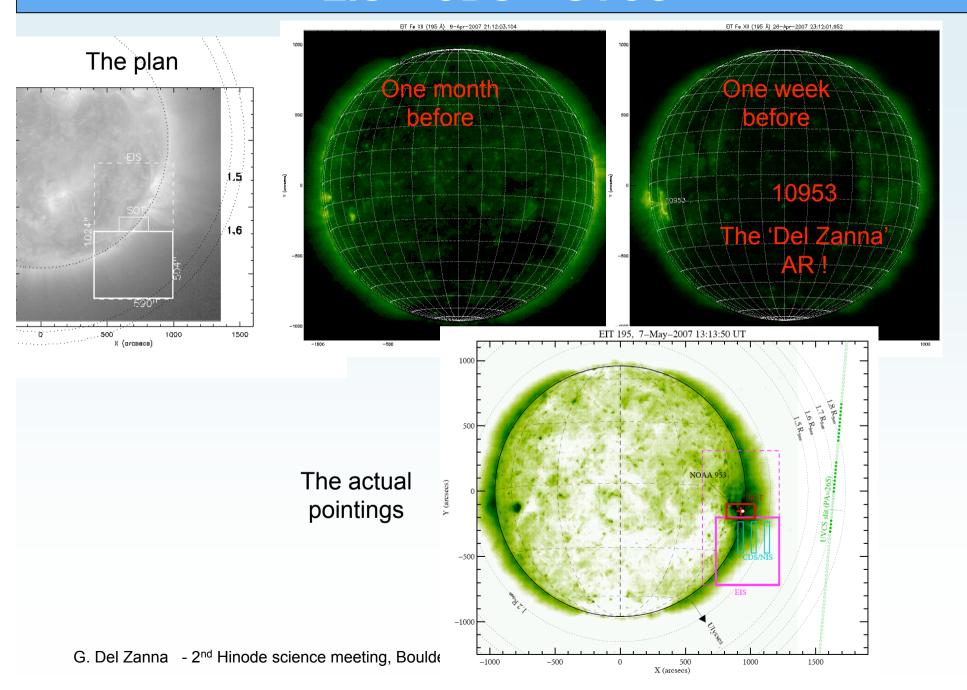
- 1- an active region at the right time (planning constraints!) and place (around 45-60° s)
- 2- Co-spatial and co-temporal measurements from

Hinode, SOHO (UVCS,CDS), TRACE, STEREO/EUVI

Long shot!

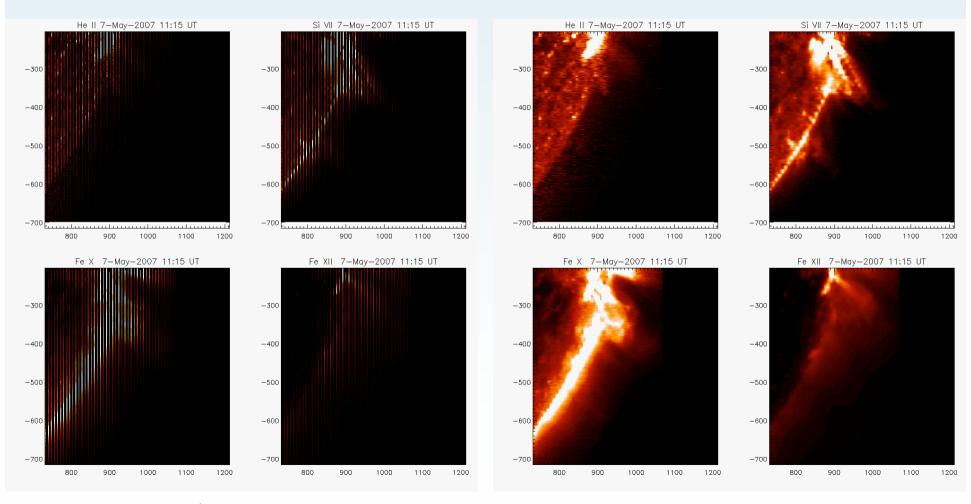
(see talk from A. Bemporad on the flament eruption)

EIS + CDS + UVCS



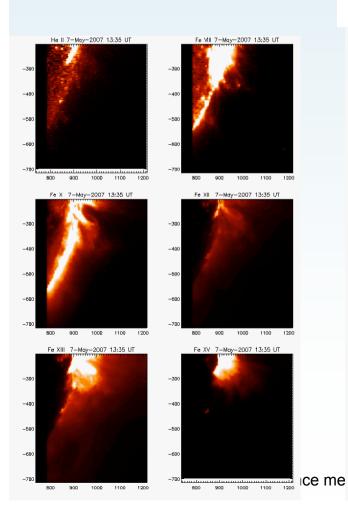
The EIS sparse raster

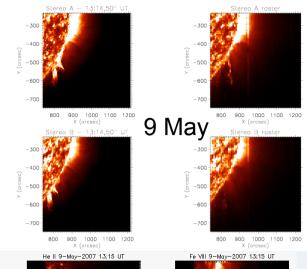
- 2" slit 60s exposure
- designed a sparse raster (8" step) to cover a large FOV in 1h (bottom CCD)
- problems with Eclipses Good signal in most lines

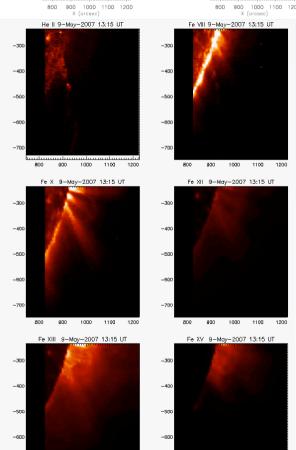


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7 May







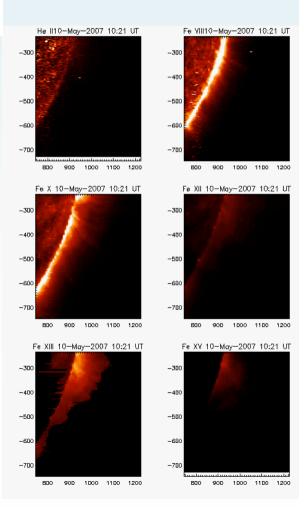
1000 1100 1200

900

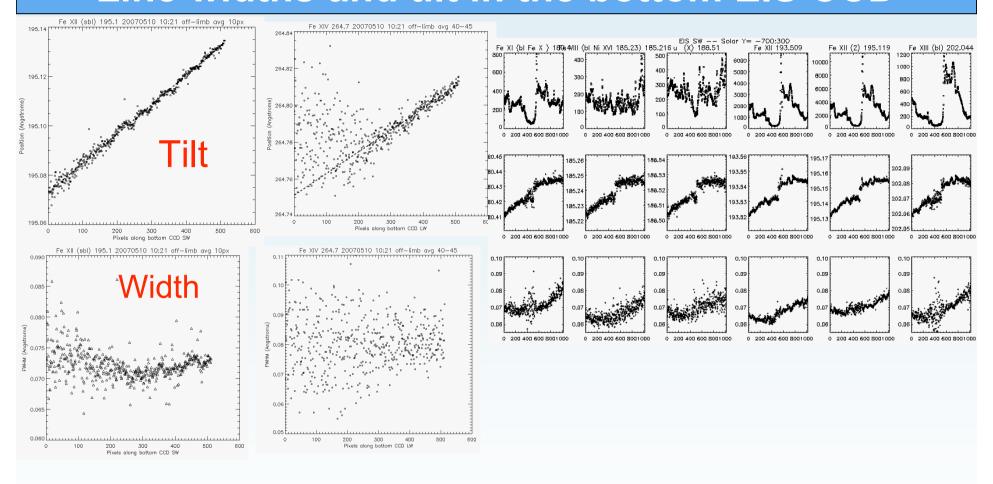
1000 1100 1200

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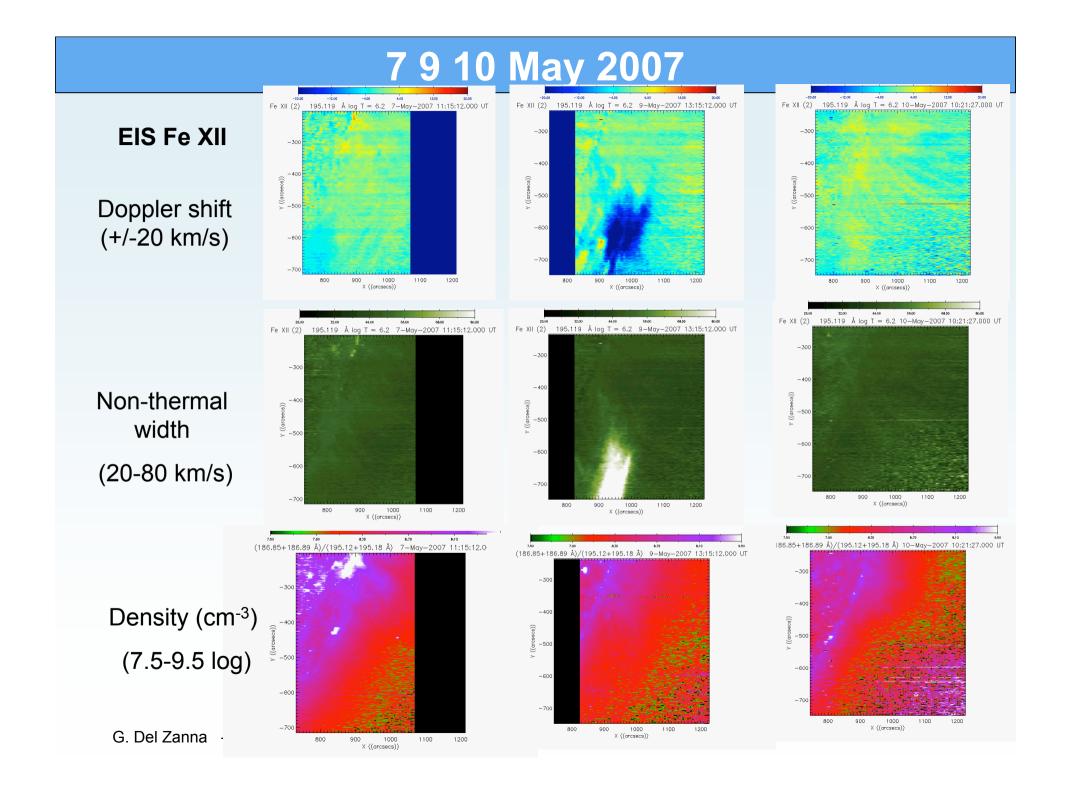
10 May



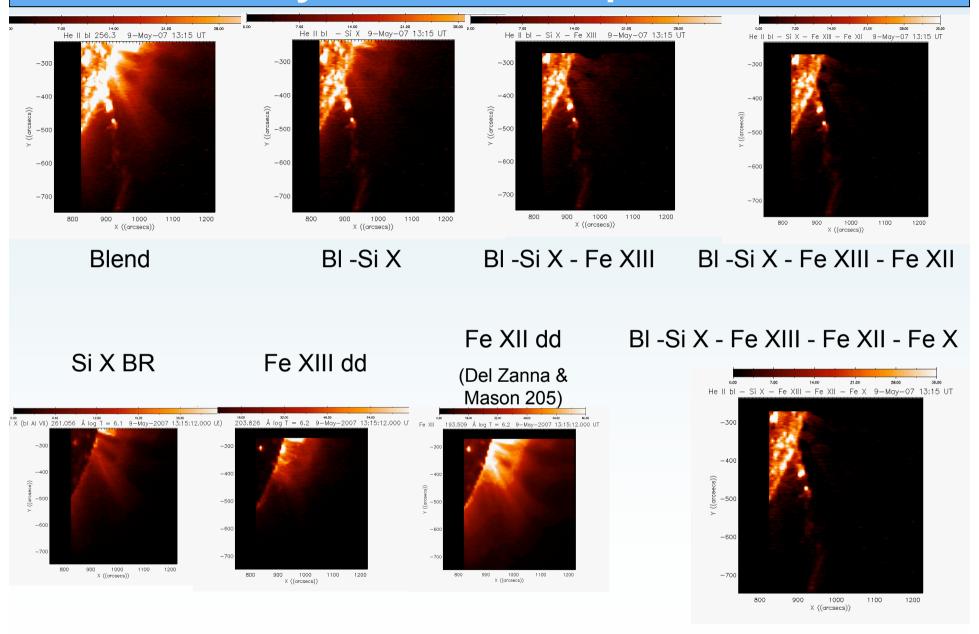
Line widths and tilt in the bottom EIS CCD



The bottom of the CCD is the best (in terms of line widths)!



He II - yet another complex blend



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Polar plume campaign Oct-Nov 2007

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Objectives:

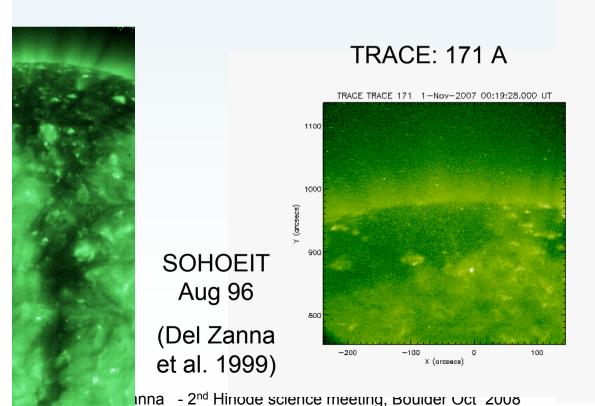
- 1) On-disc: relate changes of the photospheric magnetic fields to corona study quasi-periodic oscillations at base of plumes with EIS (Not possible)
- 2) Off-limb: measure T,N, flows, abundances
- 1) Direct T: **need to combine** forbidden [Fe XII] 1242 A and [Fe XI] 1467 A (SUMER/UVCS) with allowed Fe XI,XII (EIS/CDS), and Mg IX.
- 2) Ne: CDS, SUMER, EIS
- 3) Chemical abundances: need to combine CDS, SUMER, UVCS with EIS

Hinode HOP 44: Oct 30 -Nov 3 2007 SOHO/CDS, SUMER, UVCS, TRACE, STEREO 'Unfortunately', our campaign was mistaken for the SUMER campaign

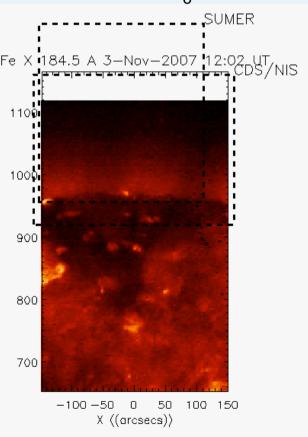
Off-limb

Hinode/EIS: GDZ_PLUME1_2_300_50s 50s exp., 2" slit step size 4" FOV=298"x512" in 1h 8m; 23 spectral windows. Run 4 times on 31/10, 1/11 and 34 times on 2-3/11 during SUMER campaign.

The Sun did not cooperate. Where were the plumes?

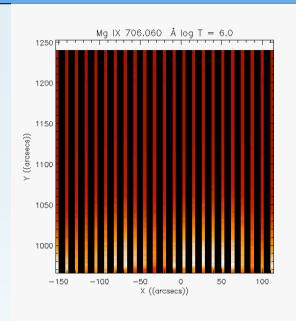


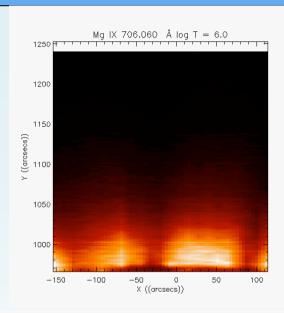
SOHO/UVCS: Lya, O VI from 1.7 to 5.5 R_o



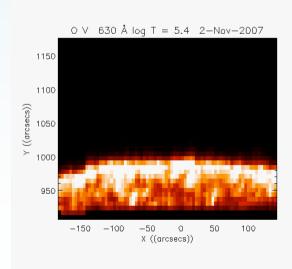
SUMER and CDS radiances

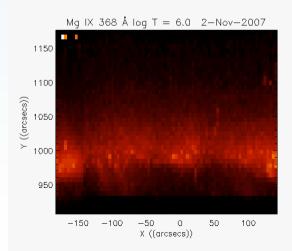
SOHO/SUMER: large (280"x300") raster in 30h 4" slit step 12.5"





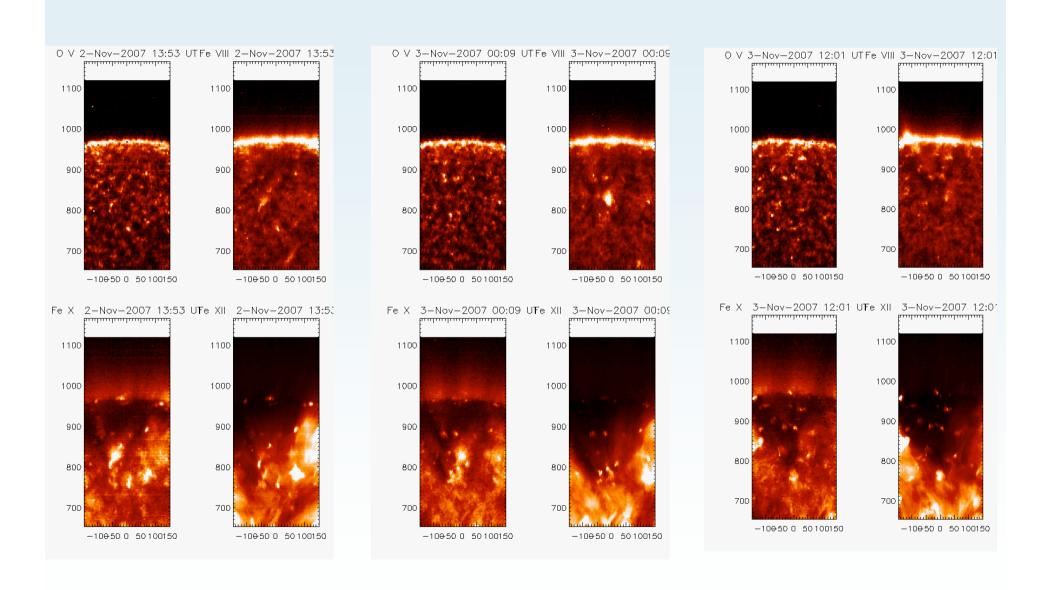
SOHO/CDS 4h 4" slit 120s exp. O V, Mg IX



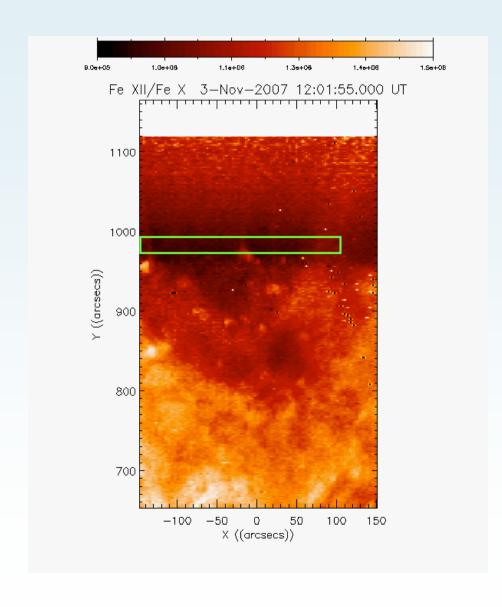


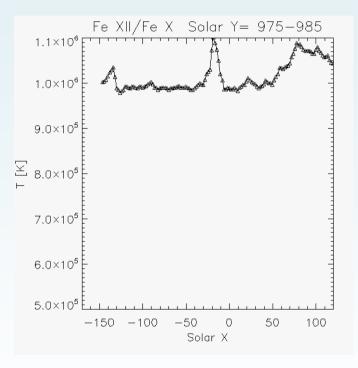
Composite of 9 NIS slit rasters

EIS radiances 2-3 Nov 2007



Isothermal T from EIS Fe XII/Fe X





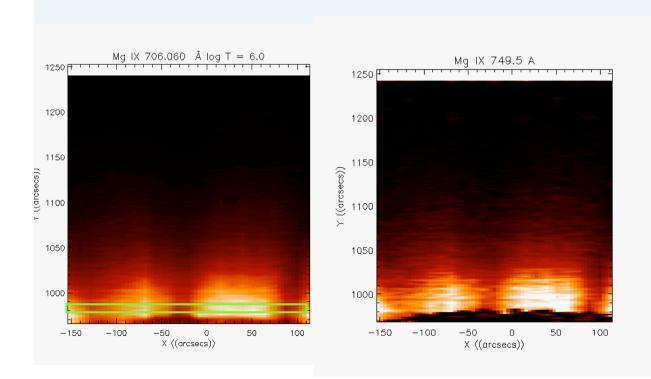
Direct measurement of T from Mg IX

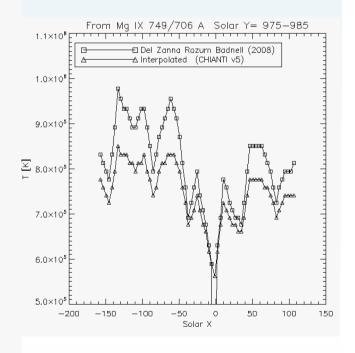
First R-matrix calculation for Be-like Mg (Del Zanna Rozum Badnell 2008).

Significant differences with the previous interpolated values (Keenan et al 1986).

An inter-plume measurement at 1.3 Ro of 850 000 K by Wilhelm et al. (1998)

revised to 1 160 000 K.





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END

- •Despite the various limitations (e.g. telemetry), there is a potential for very good science in combining Hinode observations with those from other satellites.
- Hinode EIS off-limb observations are promising, in particular for QS,AR

Thank you