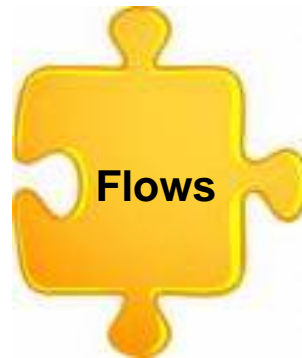
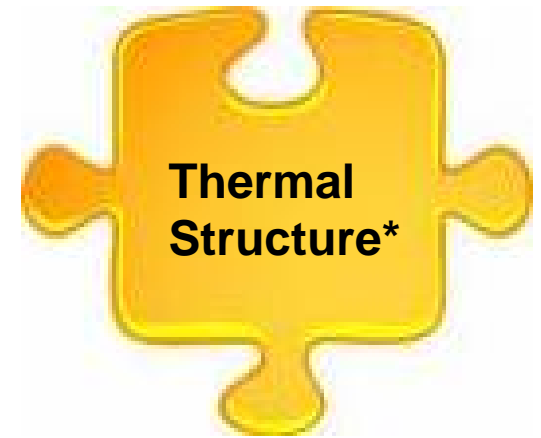
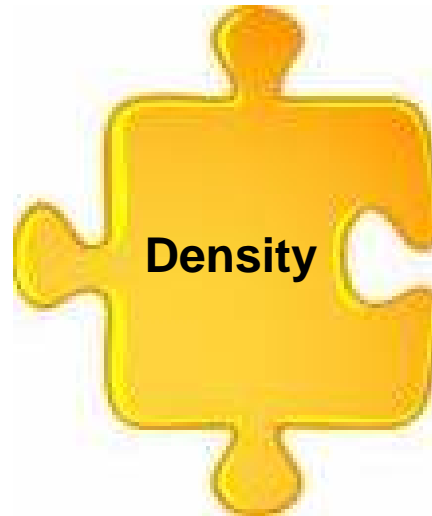


Coronal Loop Models and Those Annoying Observations (!)

**James A. Klimchuk
NASA / GSFC**

Pieces of the Coronal Loops Puzzle



* Over cross section
** Along axis

The Good Ol' Days (pre SOHO)

Soft X-Ray Loops:

- Hot ($T > 2 \text{ MK}$)
- Long-lived ($\tau_{\text{life}} \gg \tau_{\text{cool}}$)
- Obey static equilibrium scaling laws
- Consistent with steady heating

Rosner, Peres, Tsuneta, Antiochos, Golub,

Then came SOHO and TRACE, and the trouble started....

EUV Loops:

- Warm ($T \sim 1 \text{ MK}$)
- Over dense relative to static equilibrium
- Super hydrostatic scale heights
- Flat temperature profiles

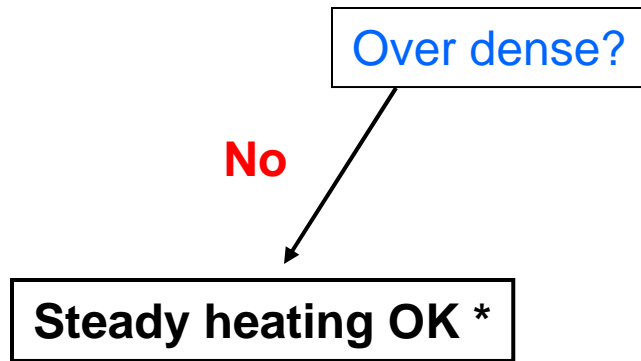
Aschwanden, Warren, Winebarger, Reale,

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle

Consider a loop.

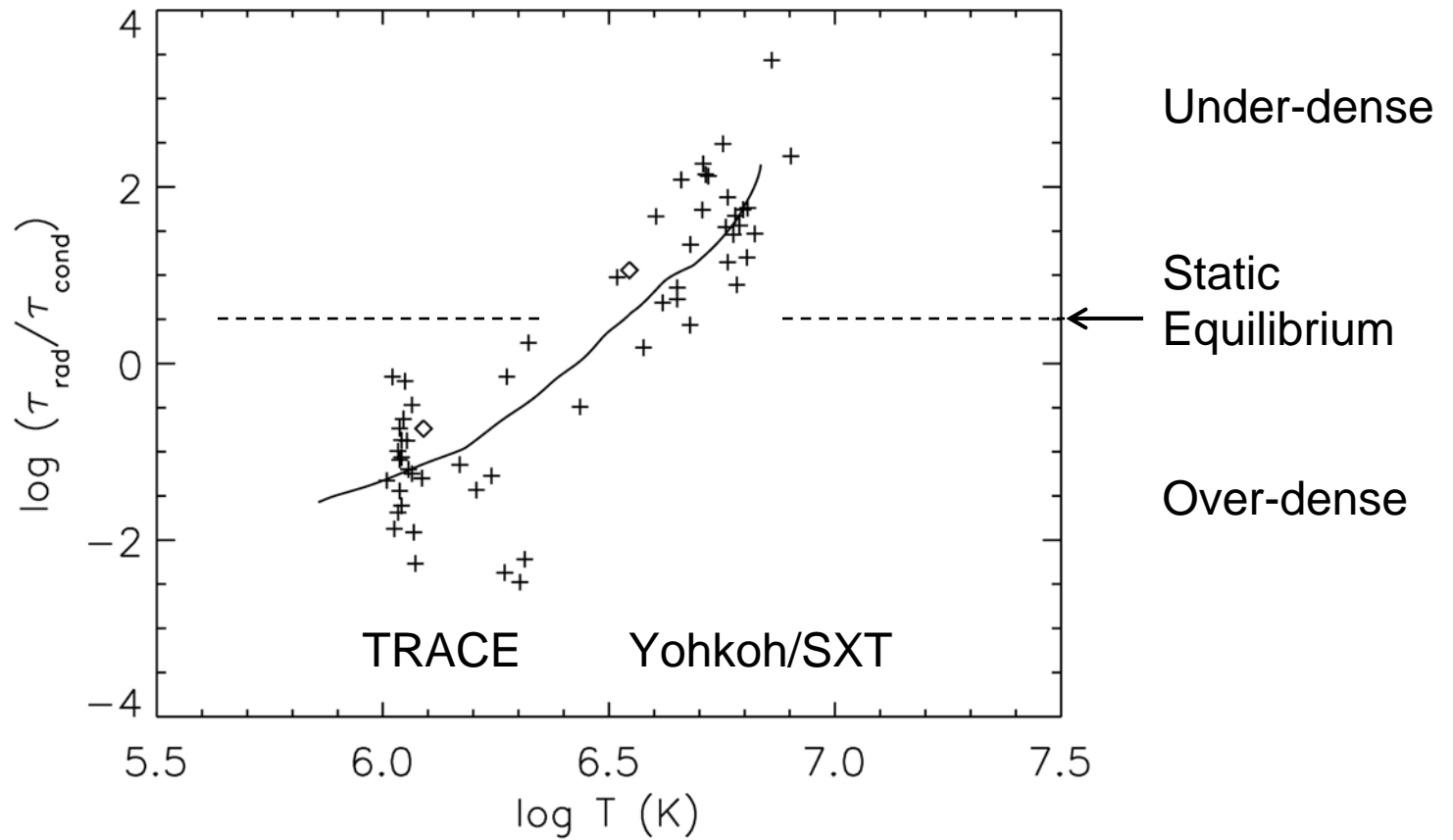
Over dense?

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



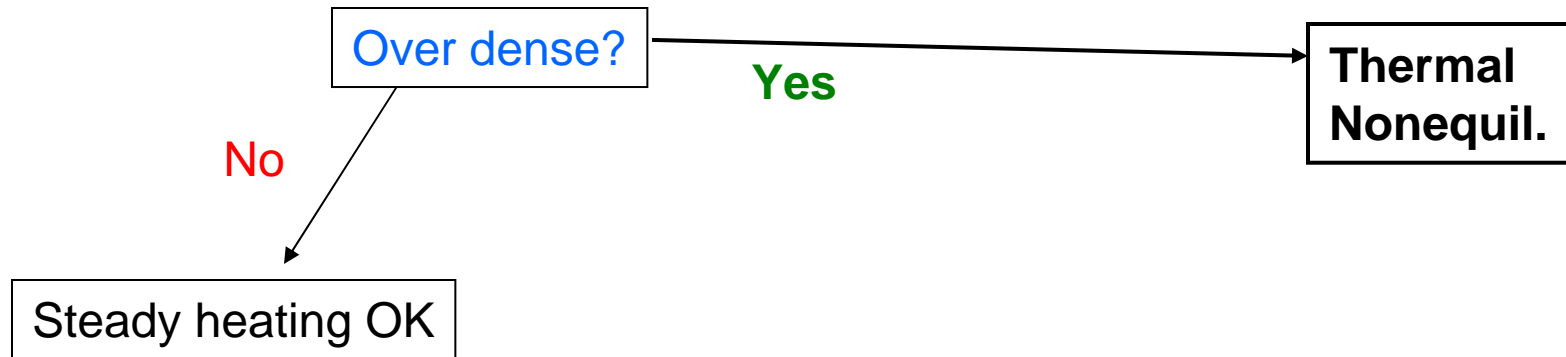
* Steady heating not required (not unique solution)

Cooling Time Ratio vs. Temperature

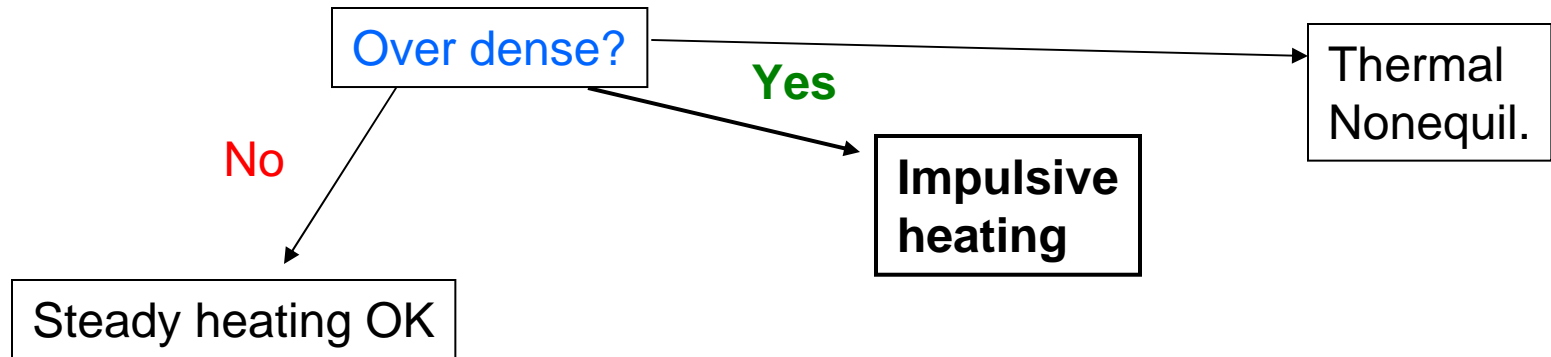


$$\tau_{\text{rad}}/\tau_{\text{cond}} = T^4 / (nL)^2$$

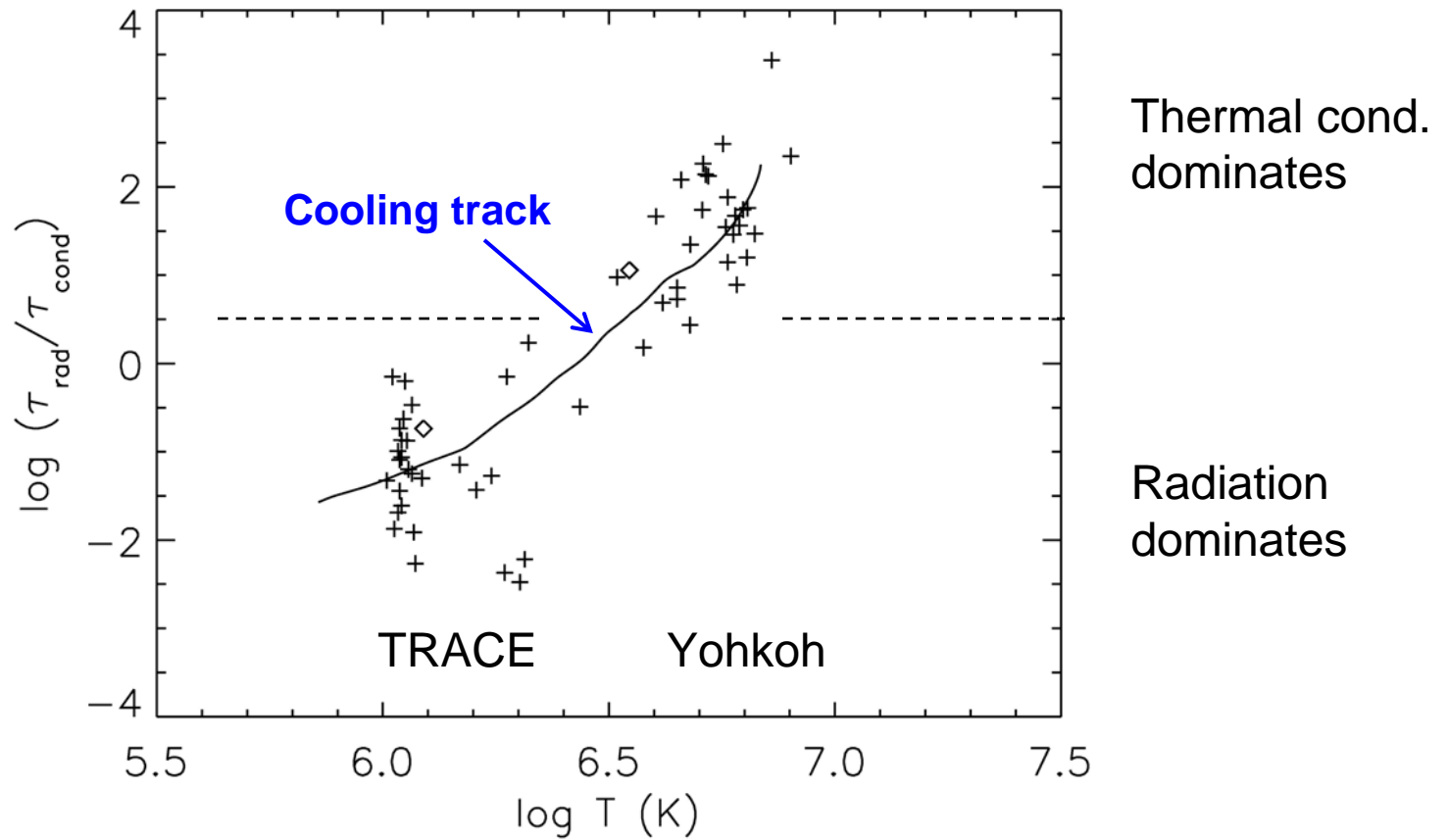
Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



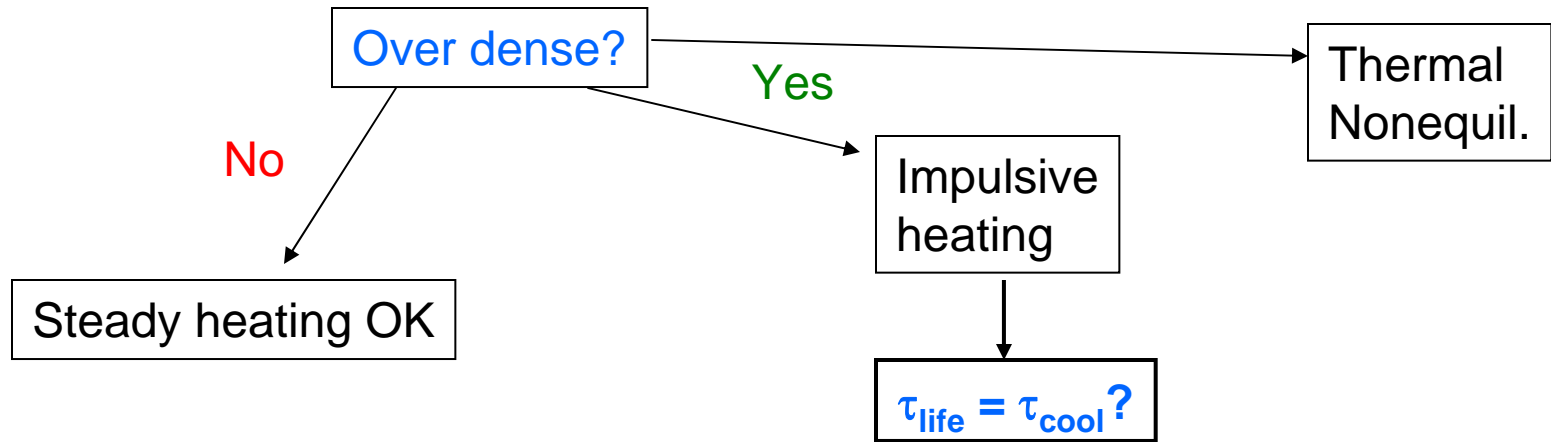
Cooling Time Ratio vs. Temperature



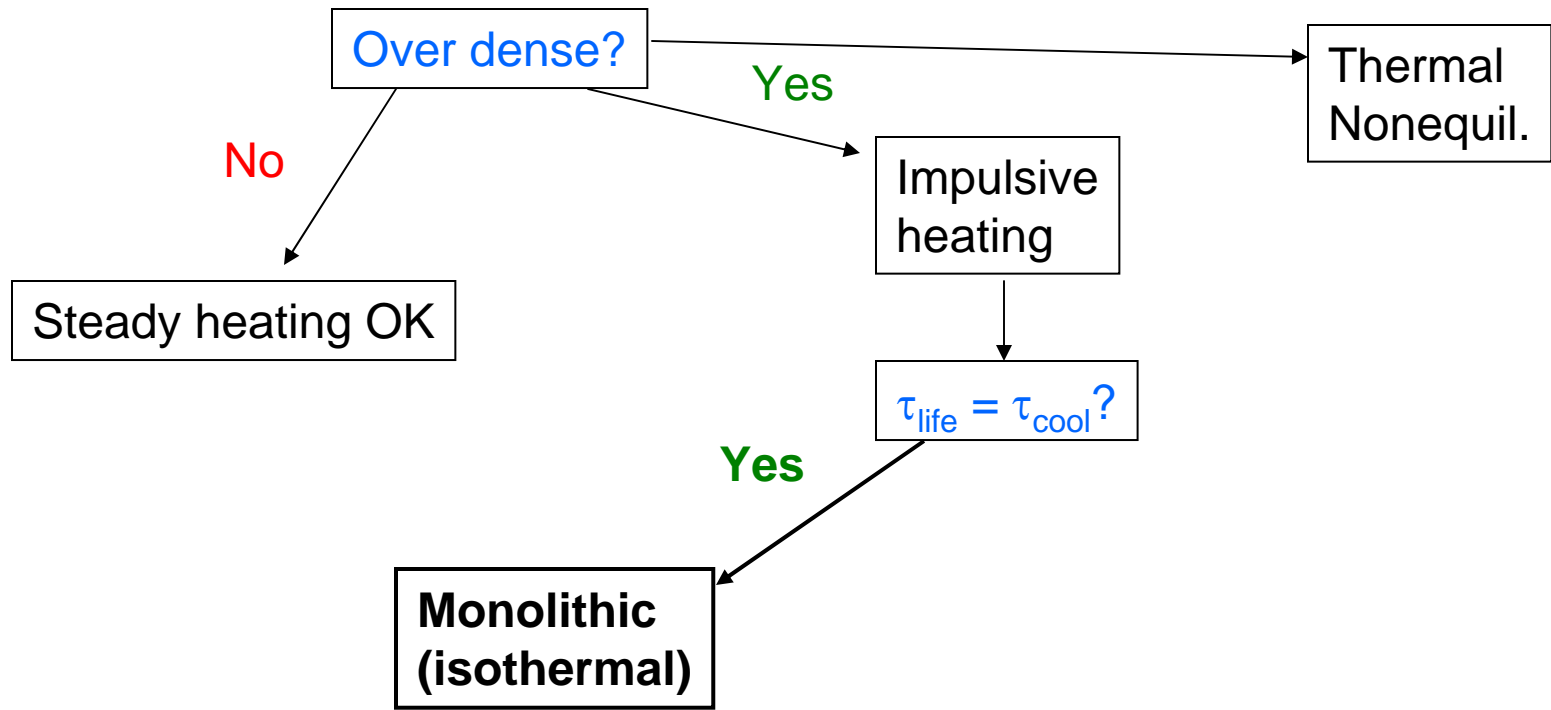
$$\tau_{\text{rad}}/\tau_{\text{cond}} = T^4 / (nL)^2$$

Klimchuk (2006)

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle

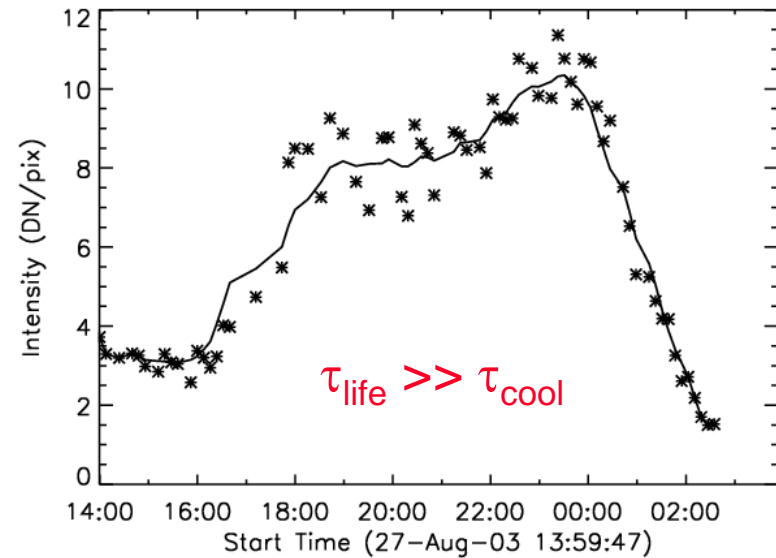
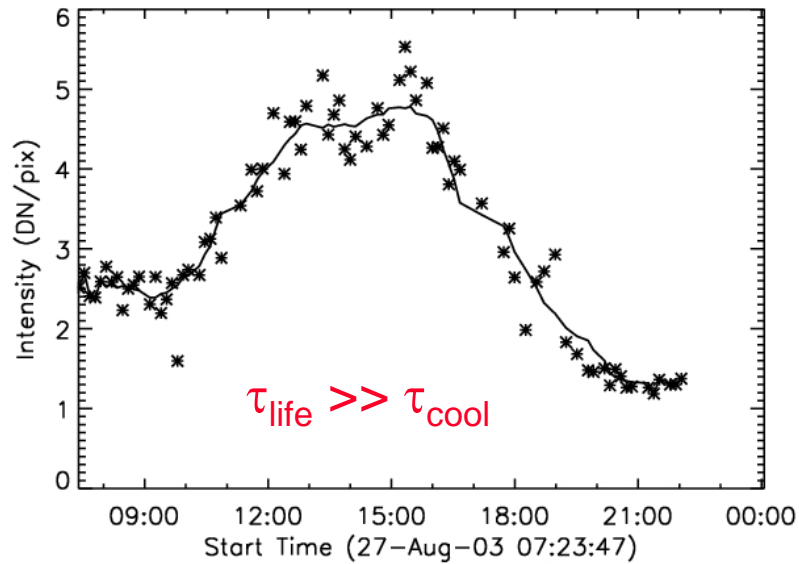


Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



Loop Light Curves

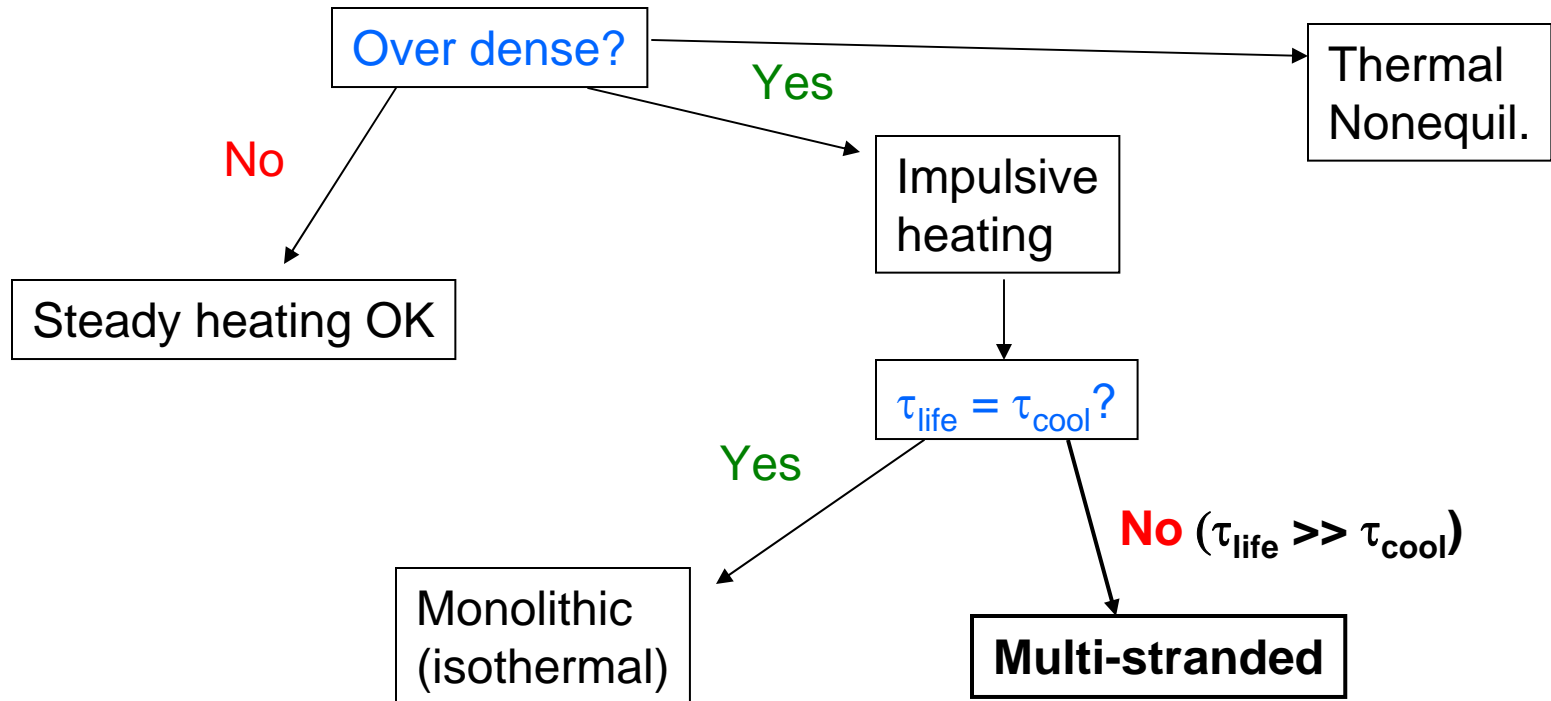
GOES / SXI



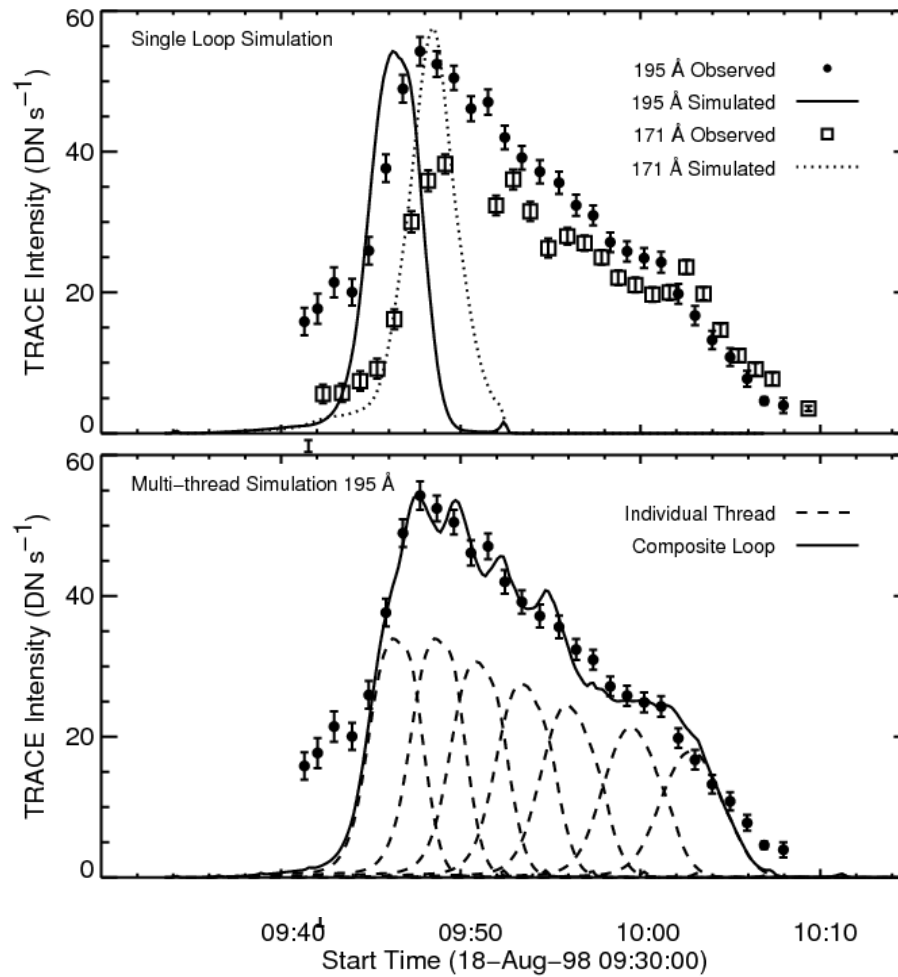
Can be modeled as a self organized critical (SOC) system driven by footpoint shuffling and magnetic field tangling.

Lopez Fuentes, Klimchuk, & Mandrini (2006)

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



Multi-Stranded Loop

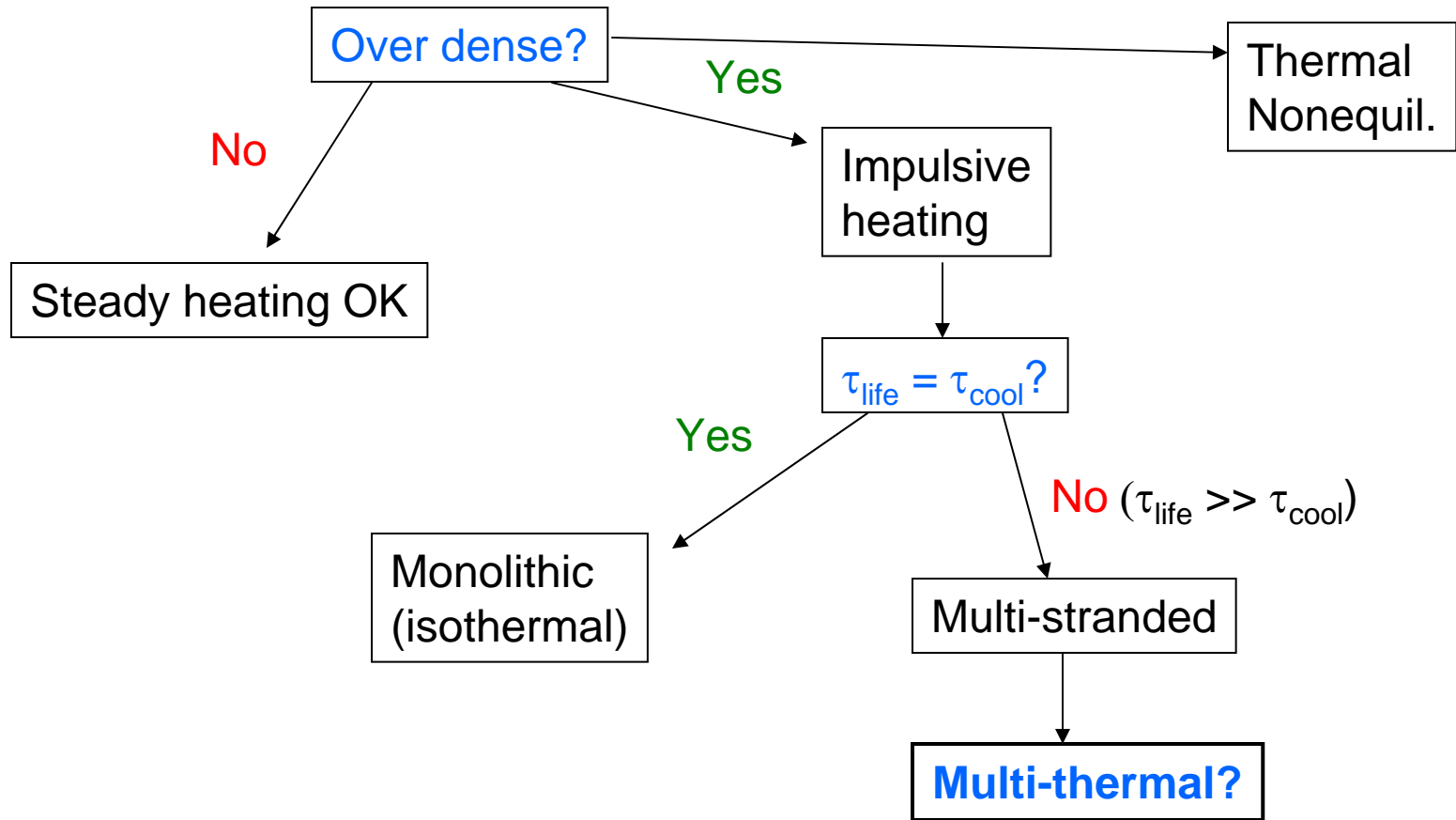


Single nanoflare

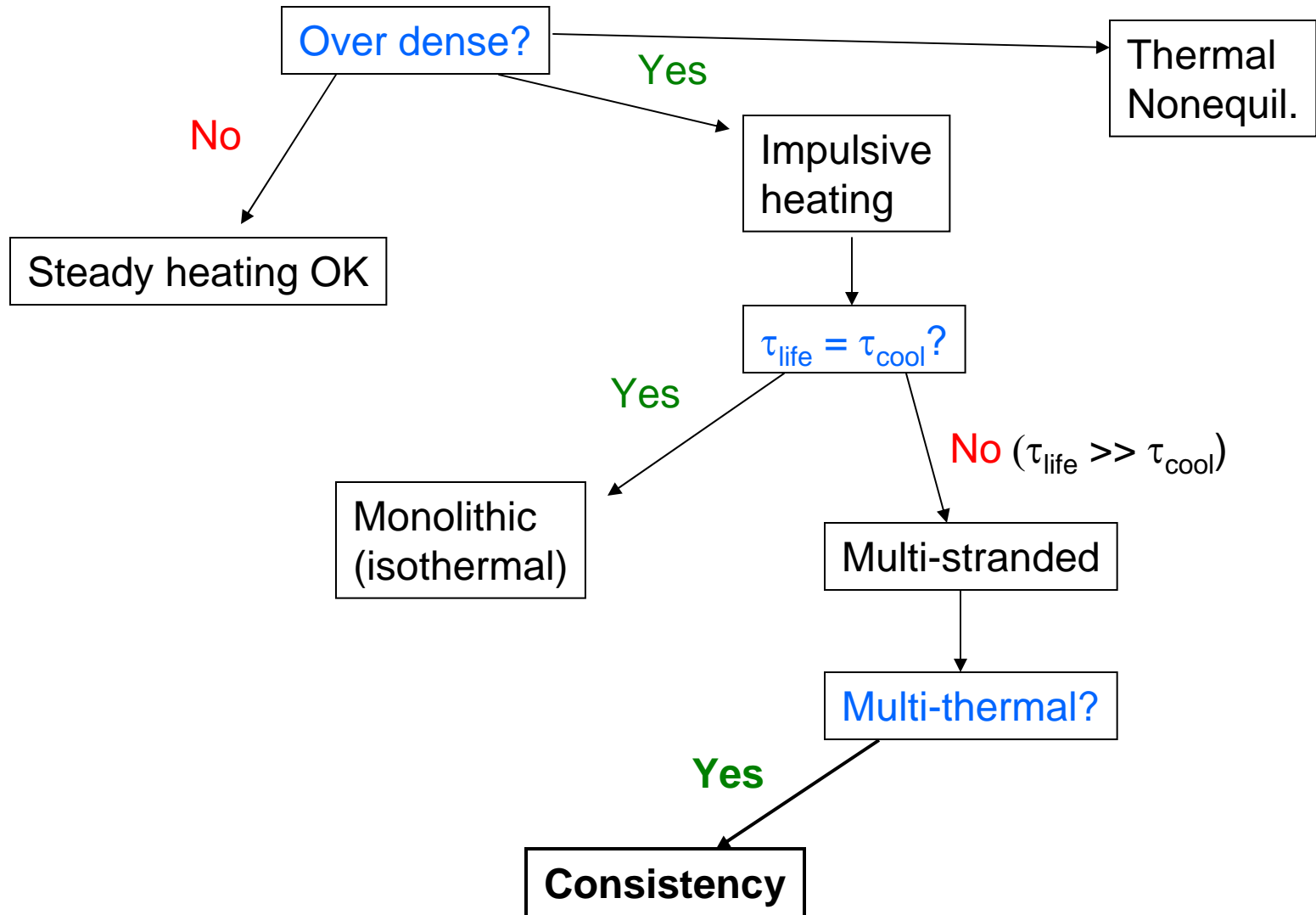
Nanoflare “storm”

Warren, Winebarger, & Mariska (2003)

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



The Isothermal / Multi-thermal “Debate”

MULTI-THERMAL

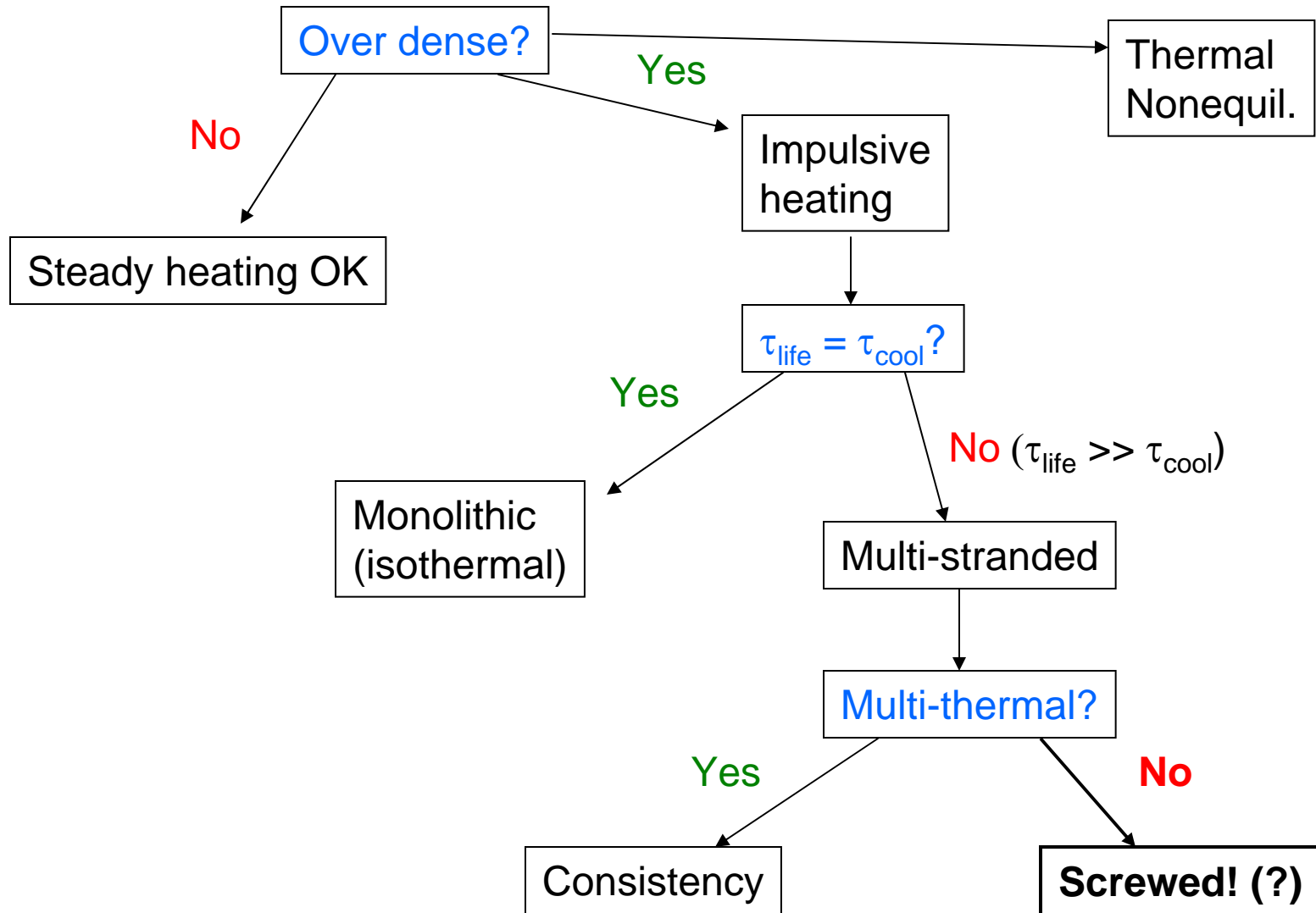
Schmelz
Martens
Cirtain
Noglik
Walsh
Patsourakos
etc.



ISOTHERMAL

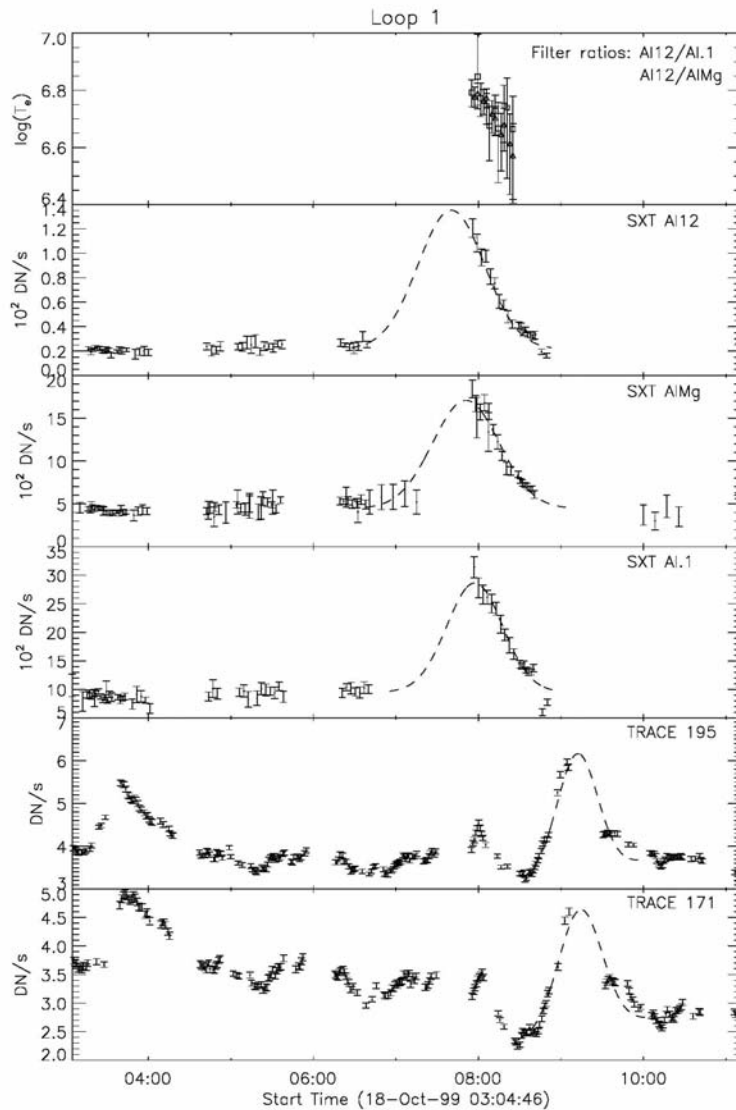
Aschwanden
Nightingale
Landi
Nagata
Del Zanna
Mason
Schmeider
etc.

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



Yohkoh / SXT

TRACE

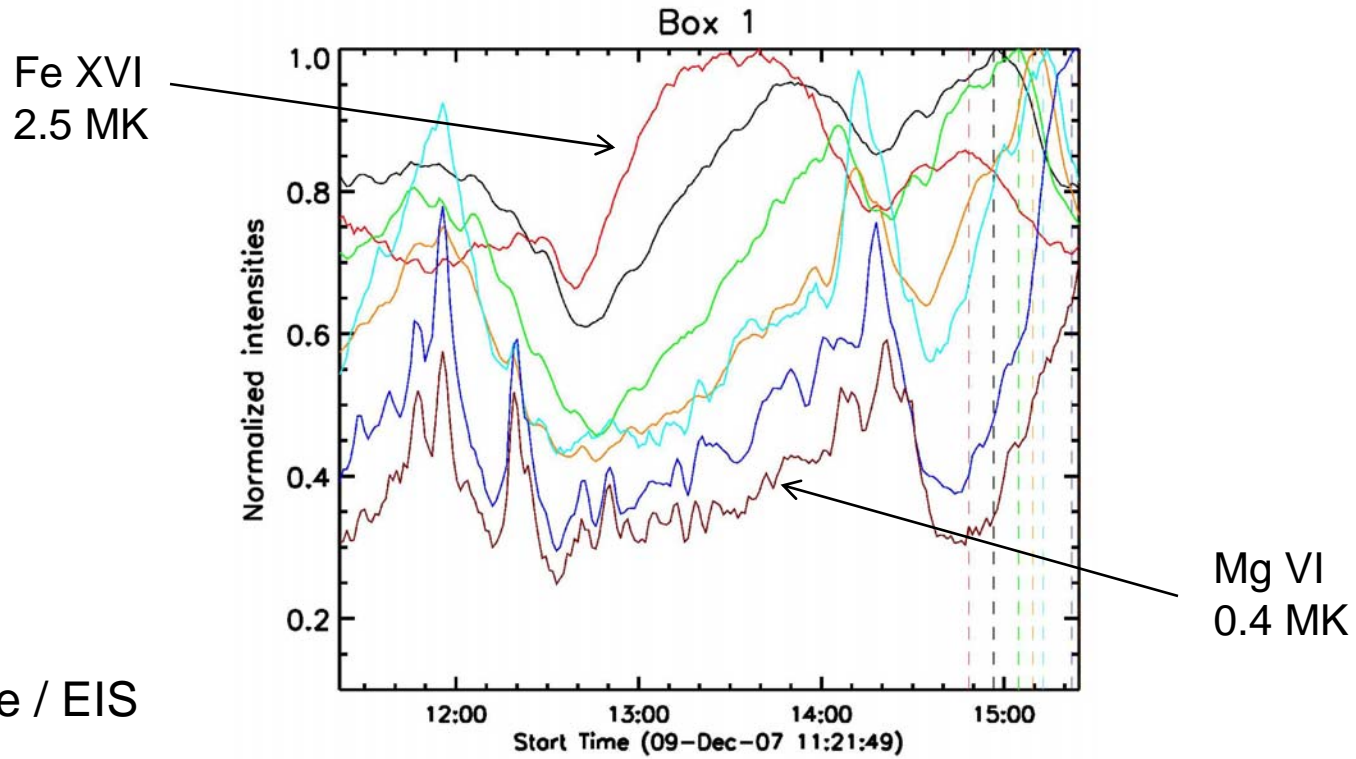
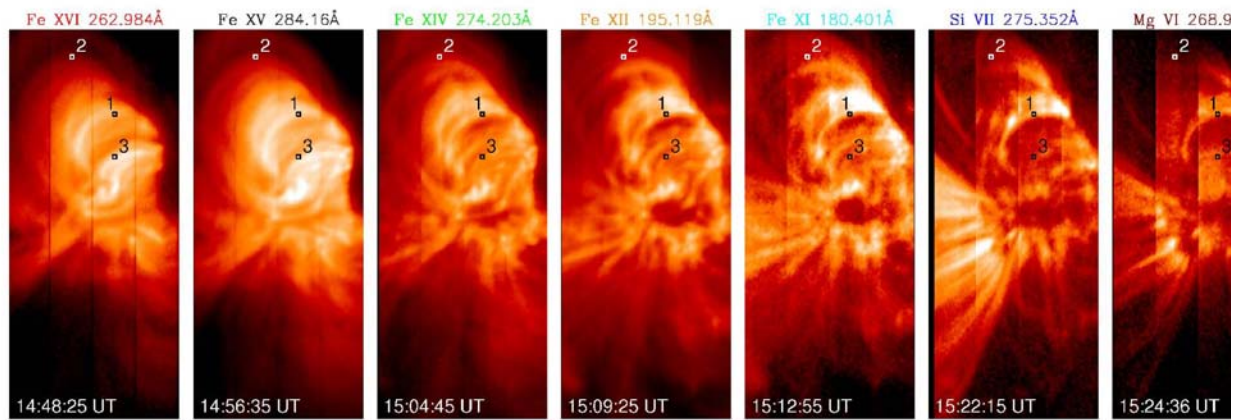


Nanoflare Storm Duration

Nanoflare storms do not last forever.

Light curve overlap depends on storm duration.

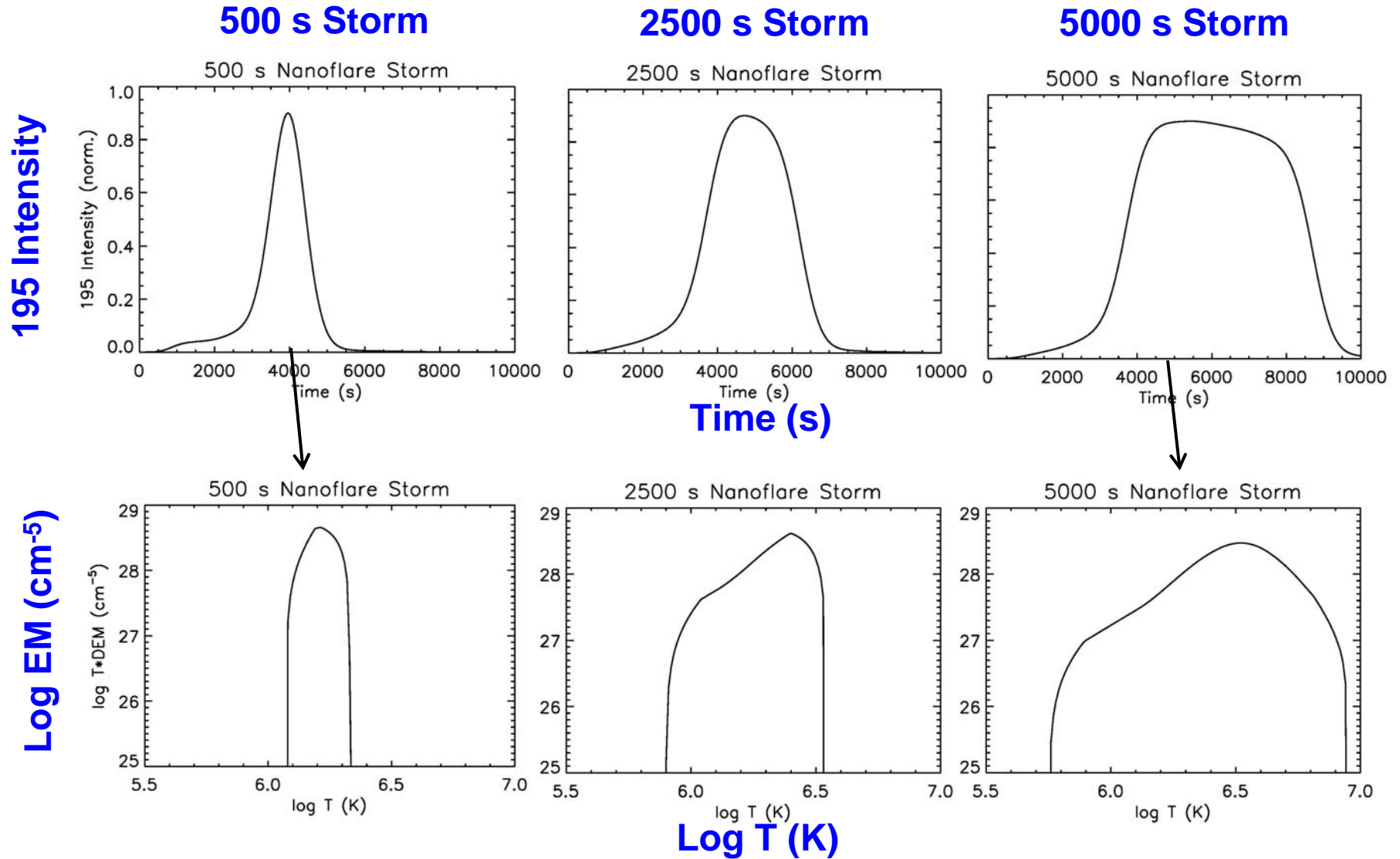
Ugarte-Urra, Winebarger, & Warren (2006)



Hinode / EIS

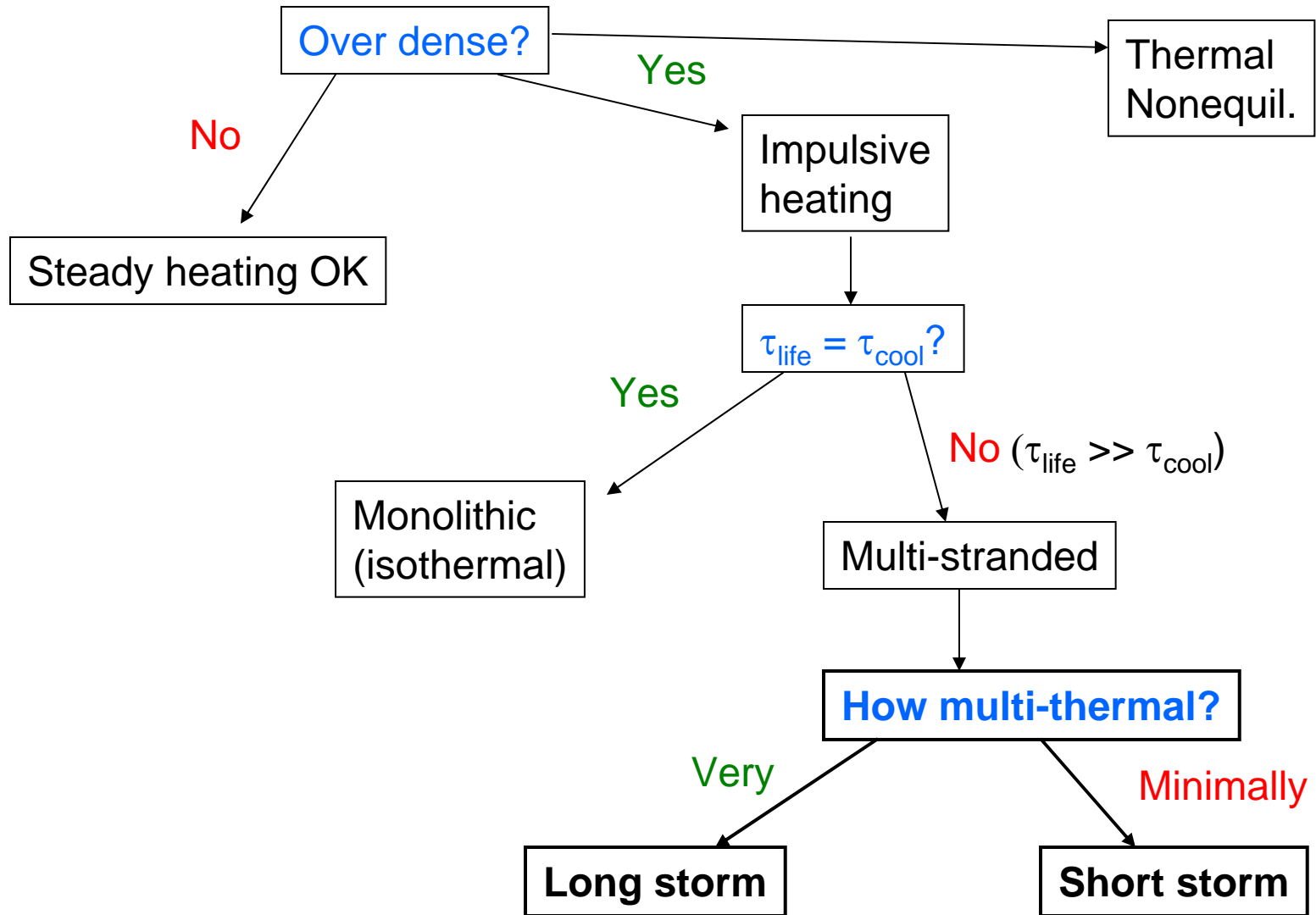
Ugarte-Urra, Warren, Brooks (2008)

Lifetime and Thermal Width



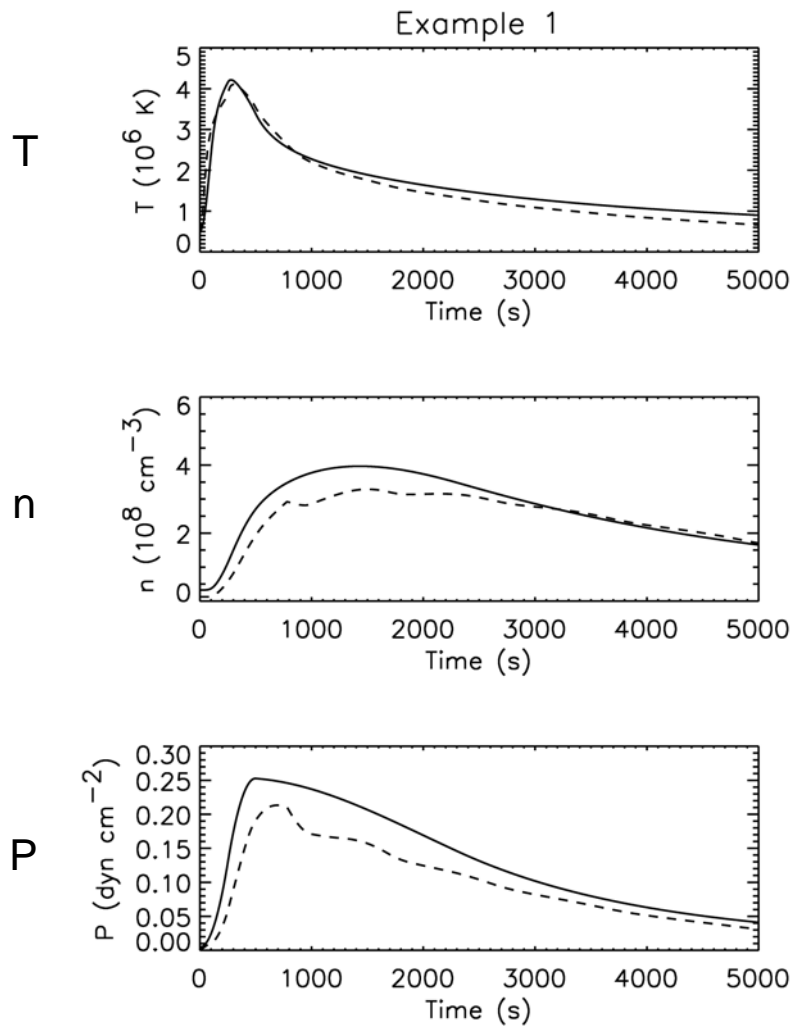
EM(T) at time of max. 195 intensity

Solutions to the Loops Puzzle



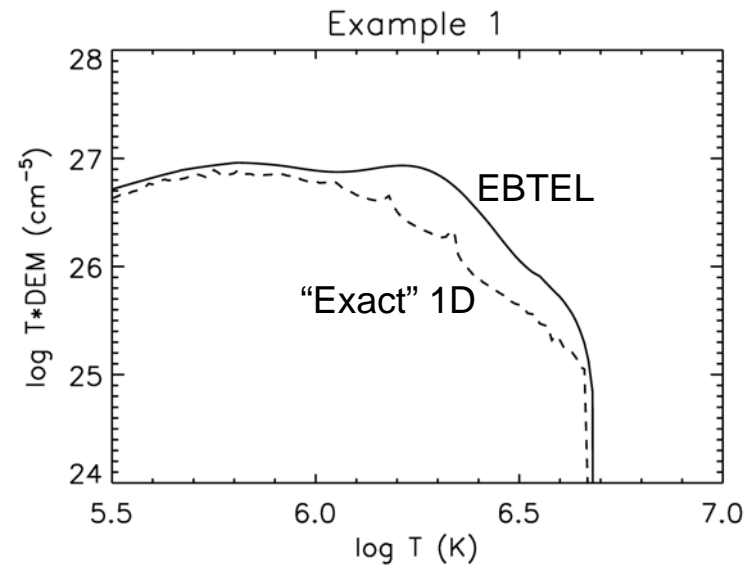
Need lifetime / thermal width consistency check

Enthalpy Based Thermal Evolution of Loops (EBTEL)



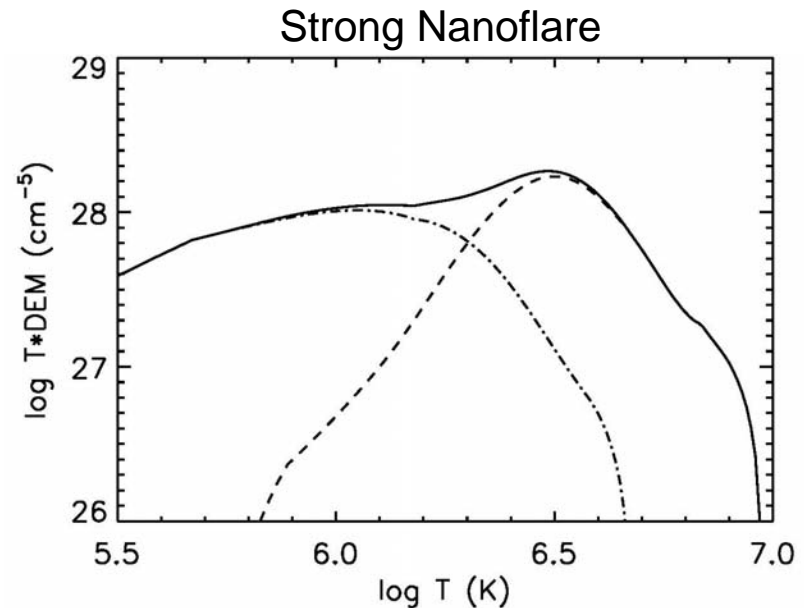
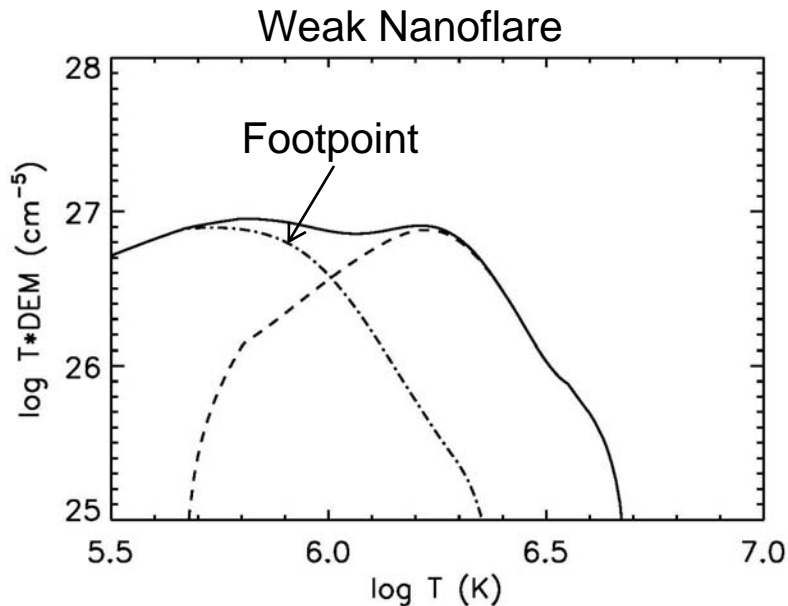
500 s nanoflare

- “0D” hydro code
- Easy to use, runs in IDL
- Any heating function, $H(t)$
- DEM(T,t) in transition region
- Heat flux saturation
- Non-thermal electron beam
- 10^4 time faster than 1D codes



Klimchuk, Patsourakos, & Cargill (2008)

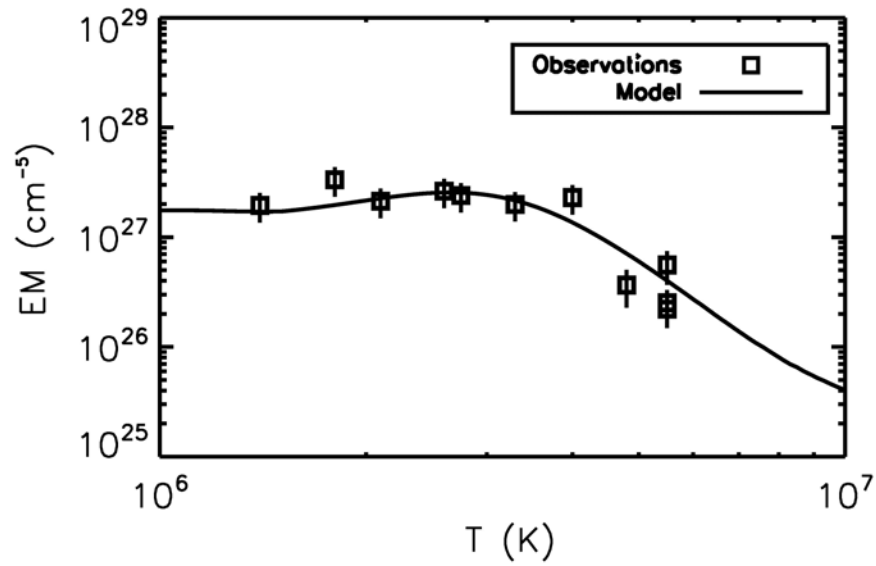
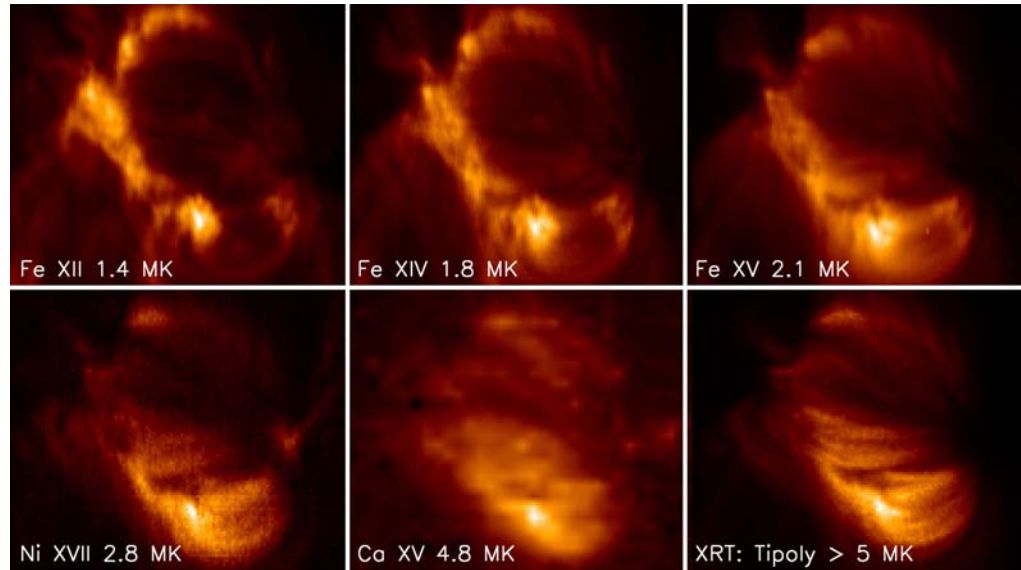
(Super) Hot Plasma



Hot plasma predicted to be **very faint**:

EM (cm^{-5}) = T x DEM reduced by **1-1.5 orders** magnitude
DEM ($\text{cm}^{-5} \text{K}^{-1}$) reduced by **1.5-2 orders** magnitude

Seen by CORONAS-F (Zhitnik et al. 2006), RHESSI (McTiernan 2008), XRT (Siarkowski et al. 2008; Reale et al. 2008); EIS (Patsourakos & K 2008)



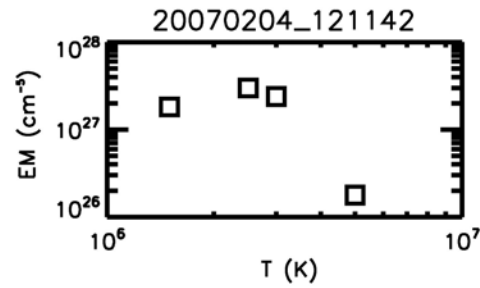
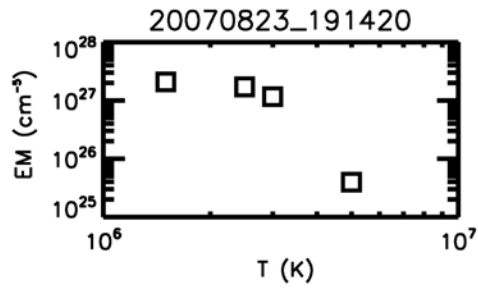
Hinode/EIS:

Fe XII – XVII

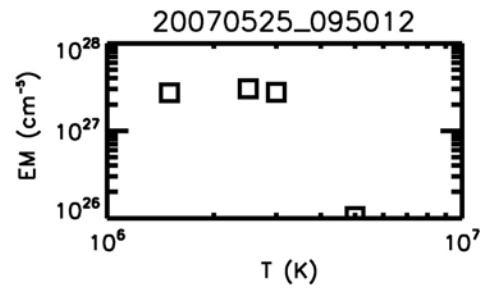
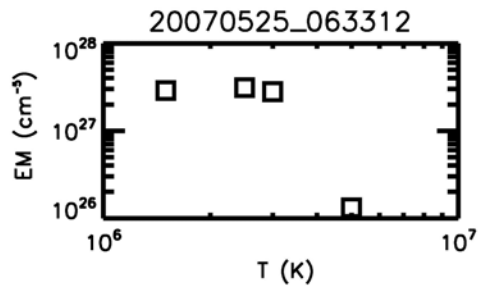
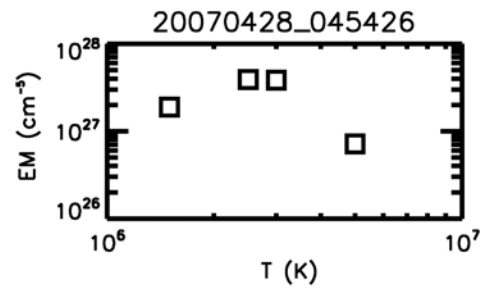
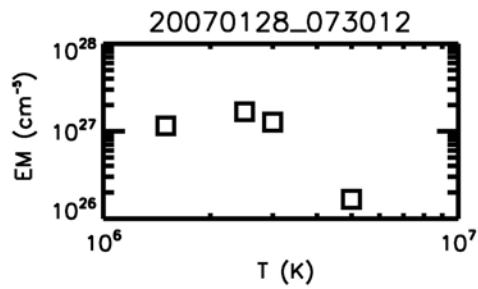
Ca IV – VI

Ni XVII

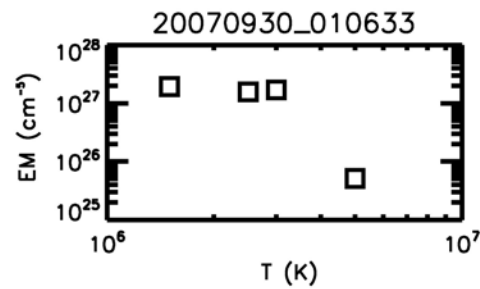
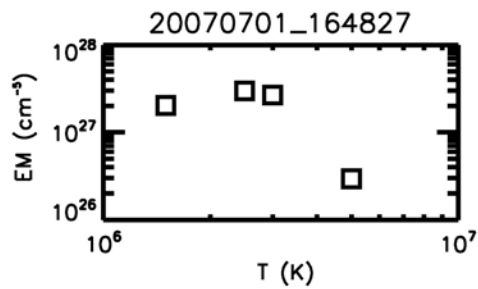
Patsourakos & Klimchuk (2008)



Fe XII, Fe XV,
Ni XVII, Fe XVII

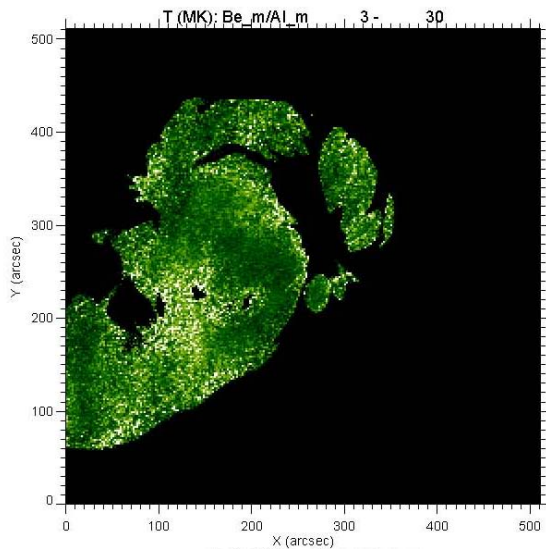
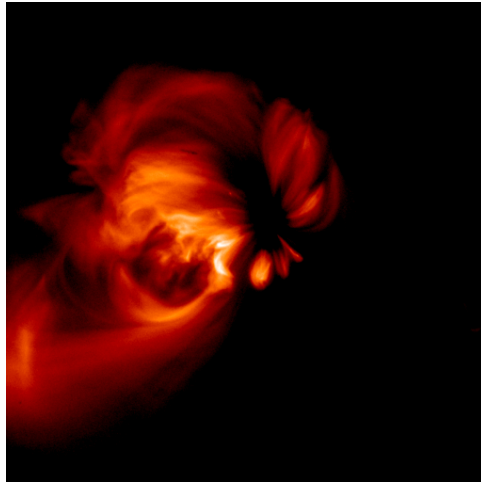


See also
Ko et al. (2008),
Ca XVII

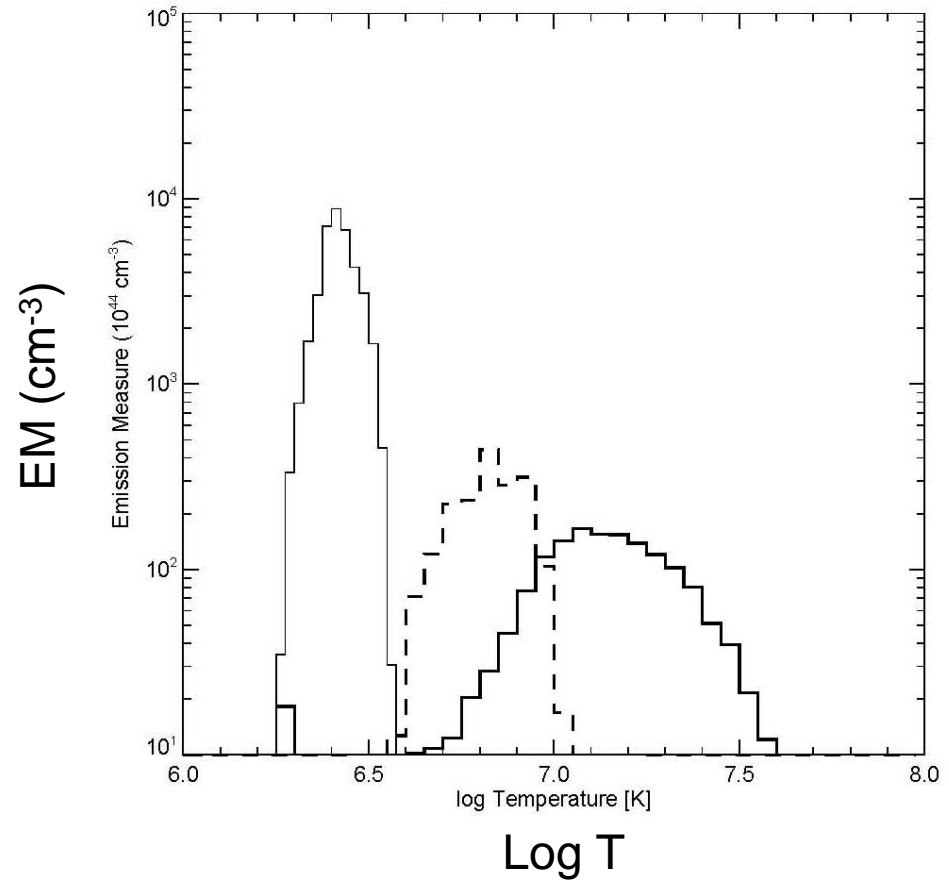


Hinode / XRT

Be_m Image

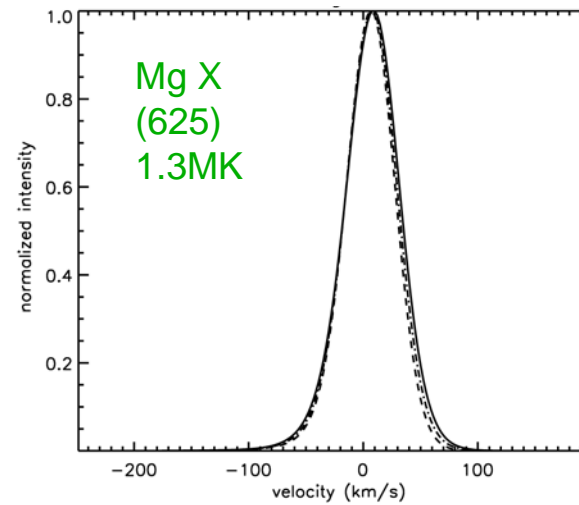
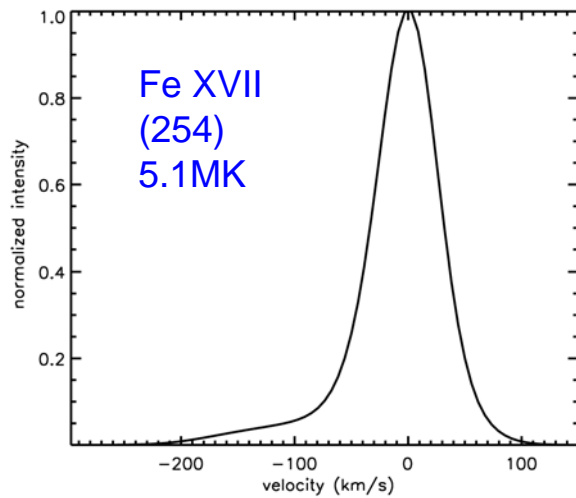
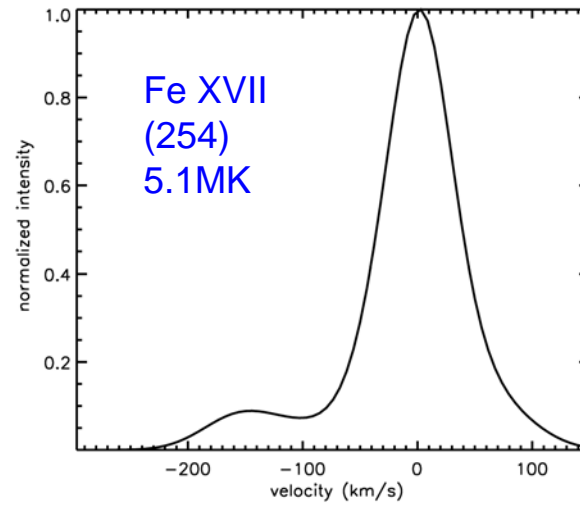
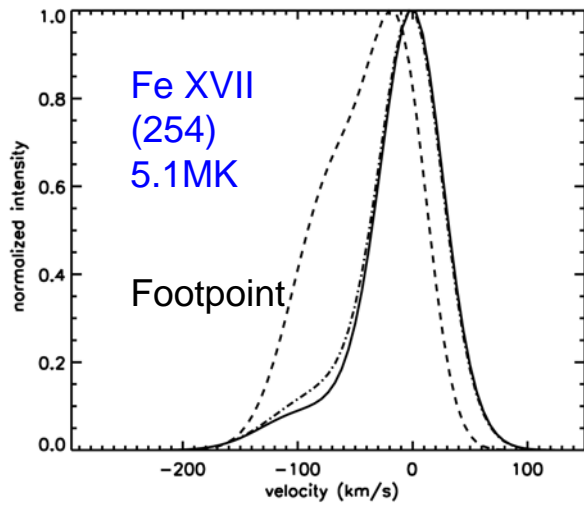


Be_m/Al_m T map

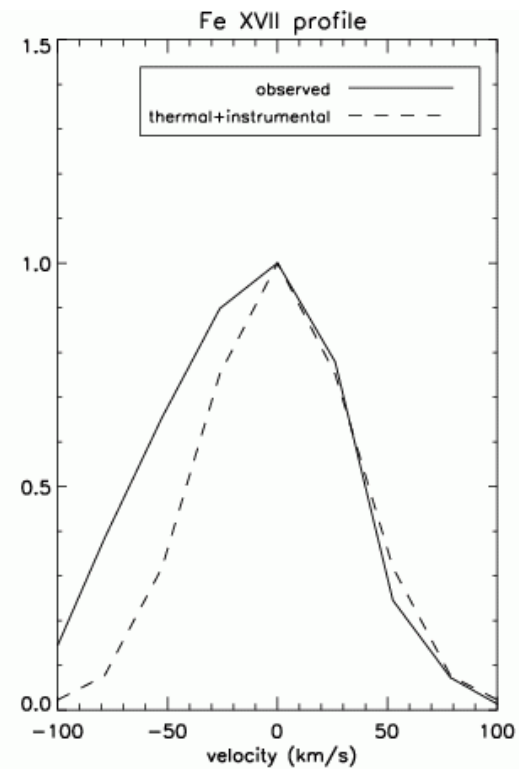
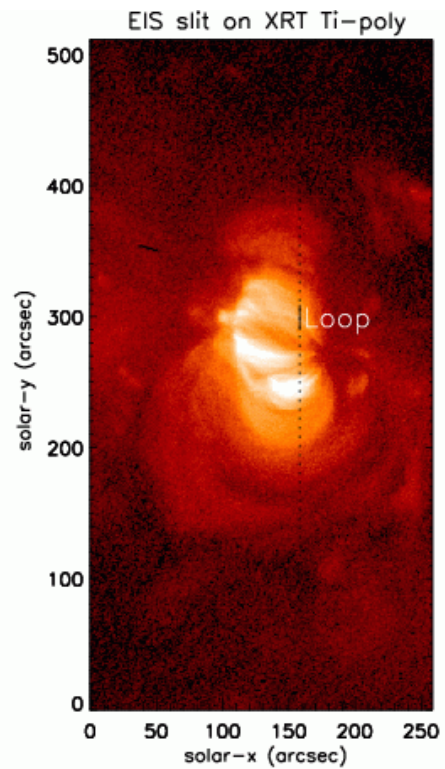


Reale et al. (2008)

Simulated Line Profiles



Observed Fe XVII Profile



EIS sit and stare observations

See also Hara et al. (2008)

THERMAL NONEQUILIBRIUM

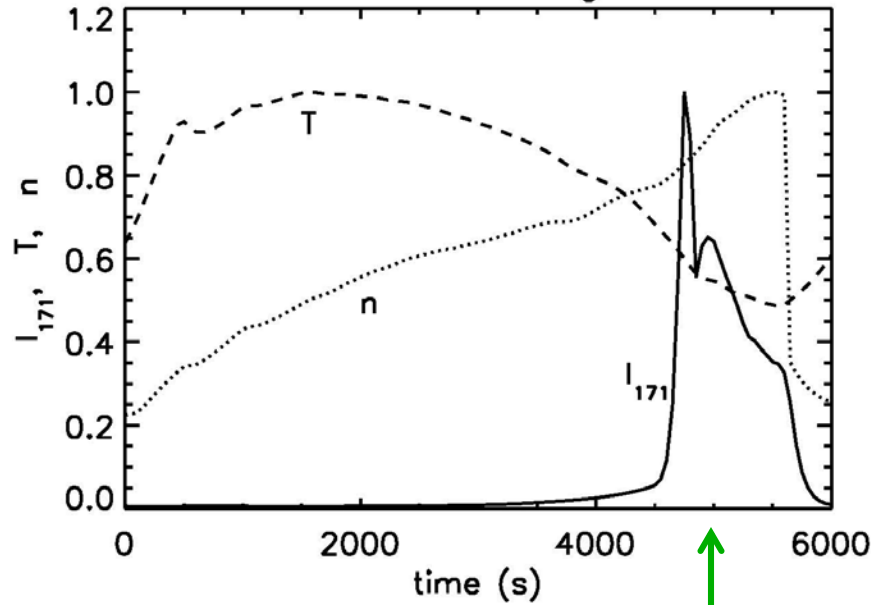
- Dynamic behavior with steady heating!
- No equilibrium exists if the heating is concentrated close to the loop footpoints
- Cool condensations form and fall in cyclical pattern

Serio et al. (1981), Antiochos & Klimchuk (1991),
Karpen et al. (2001-2008), Mueller et al. (2003-2005),
Mok et al. (2008)

Monolithic Loop

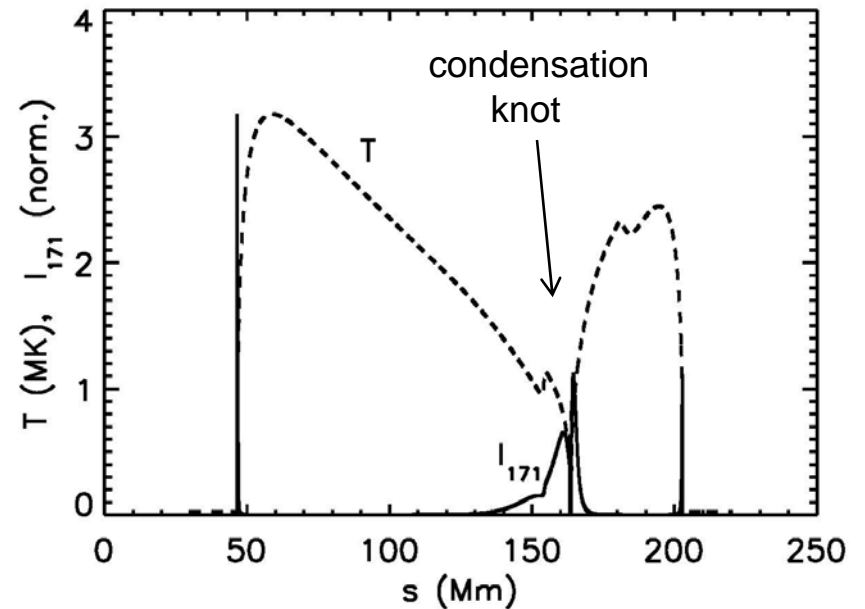
171 Light Curve

(averaged over corona)



171 Intensity Profile

(5000 s)

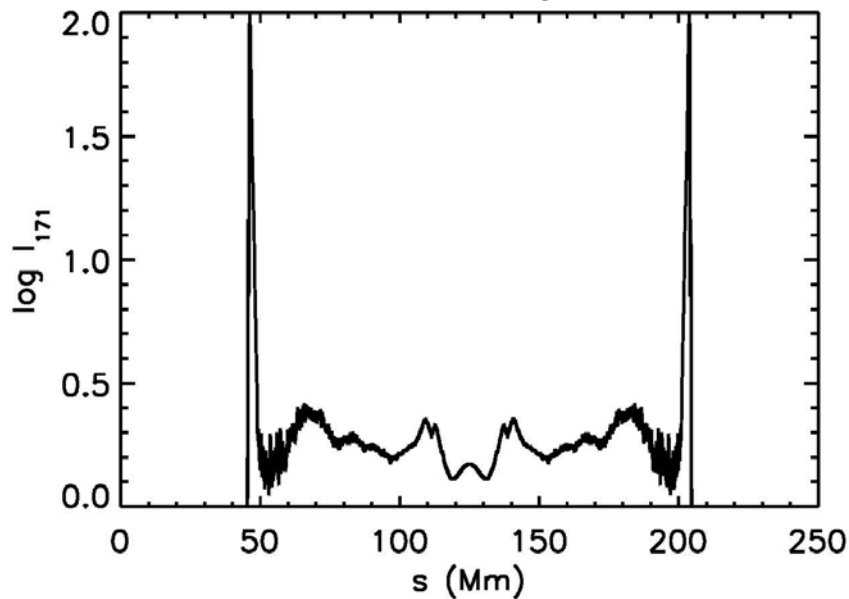


Intensity profile **not** like observed (uniform)

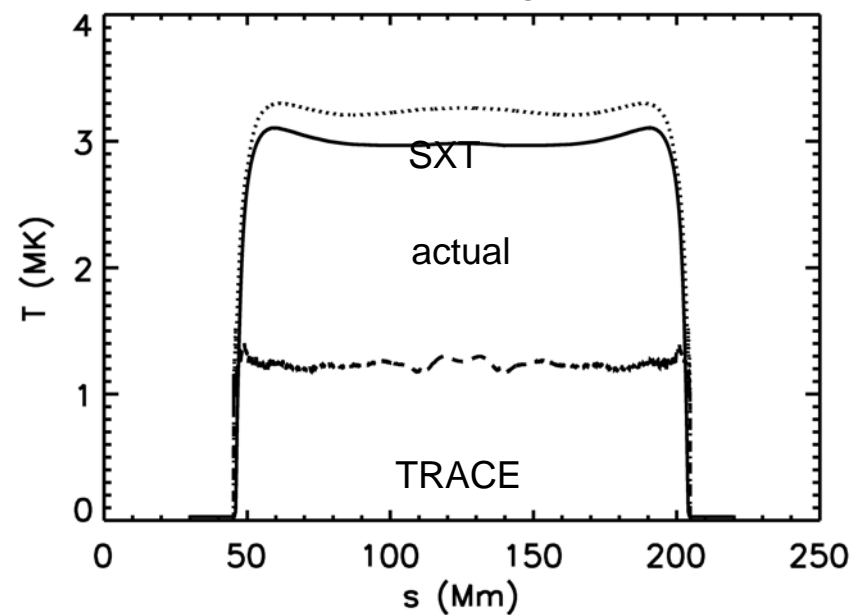
With Judy Karpen

Multi-Strand Bundle

171 Intensity Profile
(time average)



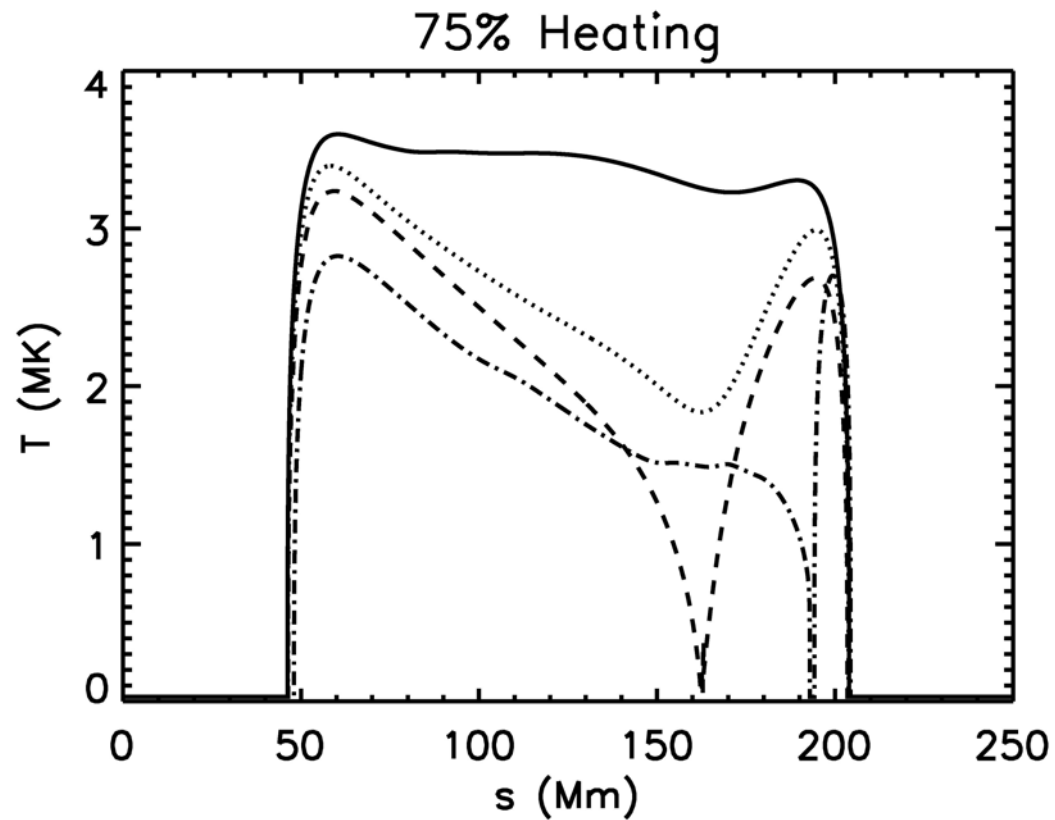
Temperature Profile
(time average)



“Uniform” intensity profile
Flat temperature profile
Over dense in TRACE: $n/n_{eq} = 23$

Conclusions

- Need to examine all pieces of the puzzle for individual loops
 - Lifetime, thermal distribution, density (flows, intensity profile)
- Strong evidence that many EUV loops result from nanoflare storms
- Are there different classes of loops?
 - EUV loops without SXR counterparts (e.g., fan loops)?
 - SXR loops without EUV counterparts?
- Diffuse component of active regions is important
 - Background brighter than most loops
 - Preliminary indications of impulsive heating
- All coronal heating mechanisms produce impulsive energy release on individual magnetic flux surfaces (field lines)
 - but rapid repetition gives quasi-equilibrium conditions



$t = 2950, 4500, 4850, 5750$ s

Heating scale height = 5 Mm = $L/15$
Imbalanced heating (right leg = 75% left leg)

With Judy Karpen

Consistency

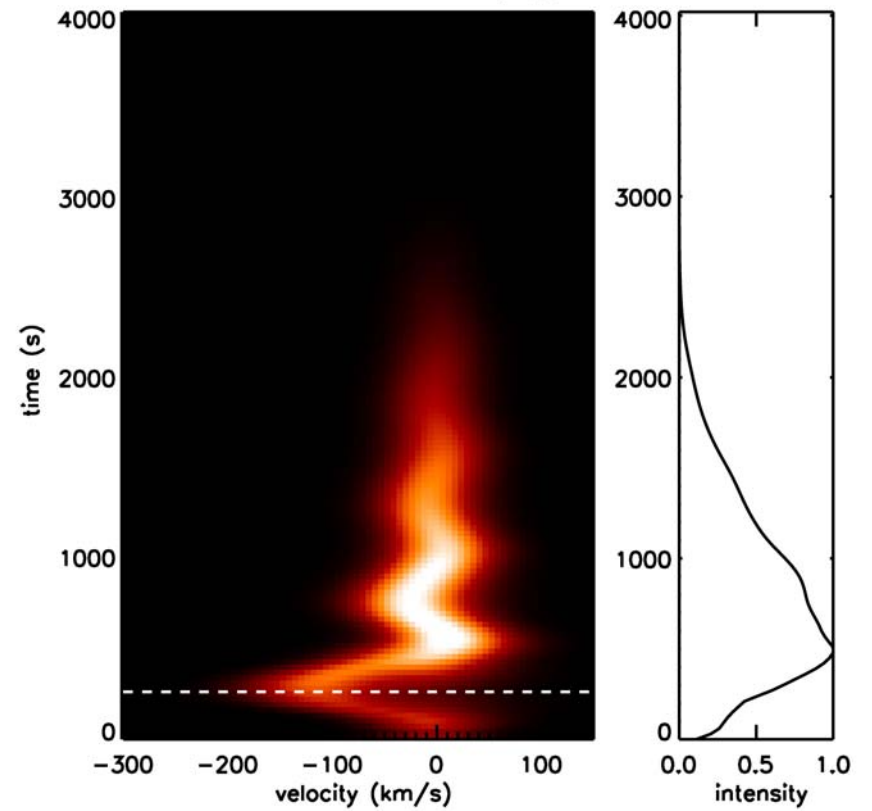
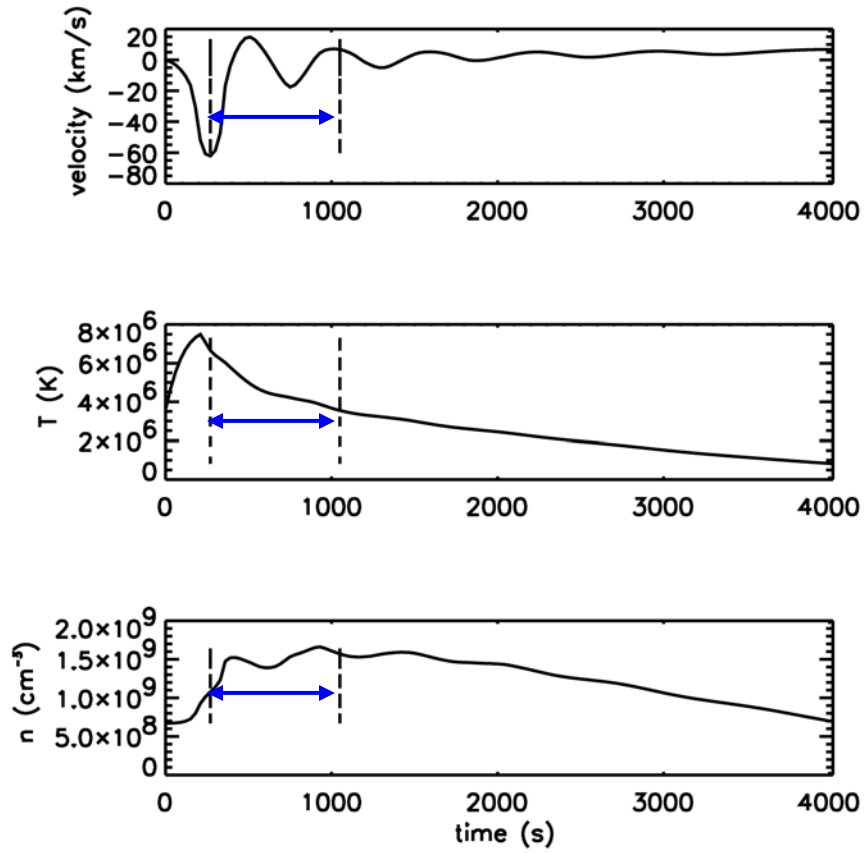
$\Delta T_{\text{FWHM}} \sim 0.8 \text{ MK}$ (EIS; Warren et al. 2008)

Implies $\tau_{195} \sim 1 \text{ hour}$, as observed
(TRACE; Ugarte-Urra et al. 2006)

Issues with Thermal Nonequilibrium

- Condensations repeat on timescale > 2 hr
- Observed 171 loop lifetimes ~ 1 hr
- Strands must be sufficiently out of phase to produce “uniform” intensity profiles but not so much as to produce long-lived loops
- Plausible? Even if phasing correct for one cycle, not likely to be maintained for subsequent cycles.

Fe XVII (254)



Patsourakos & Klimchuk (2006)